Almost Every Person Has Time to Read in the Evening Paper

Victoria Daily Times.

Only a Few Have Time to Read in the Morning.

VOL. 17 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JULY 18, 1892 NO. 18

THE COLONIAL METROPOLE

31, 33, 35, 37, 39 Johnson Street.

THOS. TUGWELL, PROPRIETOR.

Without Exception the Very Best Moderate-Priced House in the City.

Meals in first-class style, 25c. Special rooms for families and others. Extra precautions taken to guard against infectious diseases. Only those accepted as guests who have clean bills of health.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

Victoria Shirt Factory

52½ Government Street.

FIRST PRIZE AND DIPLOMA

At Victoria Exhibition.

Satisfaction as to fit and quality guaranteed.

Seven different improvements of recent design applied in the making of our shirts for gentlemen.

NO FIT, NO PAY.

A good agent can make money by taking orders for our factory.

HUGHES & O'BRIEN

Have opened their new store at

74 YATES STREET

With a full line of

Groceries and Provisions.

EVERYTHING NEW AND FRESH.

Telephone No. 530.

BOURCHIER & CO.

SYNDICATE

—AND—

ESTATE - BROKERS

26 Fort Street.

To the Citizens of Victoria:

The undersigned beg to announce that they have bought the business of Mr. J. H. Simpson, Tailor, 86 Government street, and having a long experience in the line of fine tailoring they are prepared to attend to the wants of all well-dressed Victorians. They carry positively the finest line of Suitings in British Columbia.

J. C. LEASK & CO.,

Jy12-m-w-f-2m 86 Government Street.

THE WESTSIDE

The Dry Goods House Of

VICTORIA, B. C.

The Plain Truth Tells We are

SELLING CHEAP

IN THE NEW PARLIAMENT.

The Gladstonians and Their Allies Have a Majority of 33 Out of 355 Members.

Vigorous Efforts Will be Made to Defeat Mr. Gladstone in Midlothian.

Mr. Balfour Asked to Oppose Him—Mr. Morley Will Have a Hard Run in Newcastle.

LONDON, July 18.—The movement to induce Mr. Balfour to contest Midlothian against Mr. Gladstone, when the latter resigns his seat on accepting office, is quite a persistent one. It has two pretexts; first, Mr. Balfour's prominence making him a fit antagonist for the Liberal leader; second, that Balfour owns estates contiguous to Midlothian, and has various interests in that district, thus giving him some excuse for asking the suffrages of the people there. It is not considered, however that Balfour wil consent to fight Mr. Gladstone in this way. He is on very friendly personal terms with his great political opponent. Failing to obtain Mr. Balfour's consent to run, the Tories will probably put Col. Wauchope up again. The whole machinery of the party will be brought into play, and it is thought by the leaders that there is a good chance to overcome Mr. Gladstone's first majority of only 700. Mr. Gladstone's friends regret his recent boasting language in regard to the church vote on a division. They point to the fact that 60 per cent. of the electorate of Midlothian are churchmen, many of whom will perhaps sink their ideas in favor of Irish autonomy for the sake of demonstrating their loyalty to the established kirk. The Scotch Tories will hold a banquet in honor of Col. Wauchope in Edinburgh to-morrow at which the prospects of a second contest will be discussed.

It is expected that Mr. Schnadhorst, the Liberal caucus manager, will personally engineer the contests in Midlothian and Newcastle, the latter being John Morley's division. The result of the first will hinge upon the church vote and the second on the labor vote and eight-hour question.

The Sunday Sun believes Mr. Gladstone will send an Irish autonomy bill three times at least, to the House of Lords, hoping by this reiteration to arouse the passions of the people against the Upper House. It says the effort to create a sentiment against the Lords as a useless and obstructive body is the supreme interest of the Liberals. Their leaders can raise no cry to which the rank and file will rally more promptly than this. Therefore there will be an excellent reason for sending the bill again to the House of Lords.

The election returns up to 12 o'clock showed: Conservatives 267, Liberal Unionists 44, total against Home Rule 311; Liberals 268, anti-Parnellites 66, Parnellites 9; total for Home Rule 344. Majority for Home Rule 33, with 15 constituencies yet to be heard from.

Sealing Schooner Active.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Anxiety is felt in sealing circles for the 35 ton schooner Active, which put into Drake's Bay nearly three months ago in distress. Capt. Ball sent to this city for extra sails and ropes. Since the schooner left after getting her supplies nothing has been heard of her. As she was too small to cross to the Japan side, it is feared the vessel has come to grief north of Vancouver Island.

Overdue Ship.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 18.—Some uneasiness is being manifested over the non-arrival of the ship Frank Carville, now out over 200 days from Glasgow, with a cargow of Scotch coal. The cargo is known as "inflammable" and is liable to spontaneous combustion. The fact that five ships with this coal have been burned at sea within the last eighteen months causes anxiety.

The Situation at Homestead.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 18.—Not a striker returned to work and as far as ascertained no additions have been made to the non-union force.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 18.—Edward Shear, a resident of Chicago, a Pinkerton detective, died at midnight. He had been shot during the battle on the barges at Homestead on Wednesday, 6th inst.

Accident on Grand Trunk.

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., July 18.—An accident occurred on the Welland division of the Grand Trunk railroad between here and Merritton, near the canal aqueduct this morning. The steamboat express from Buffalo collided with the local train for Port Colborne. Four persons are reported killed.

Whooping Cough Epidemic.

AMELIA, Ohio, July 18.—Whooping cough has invaded the village. The attack is violent, and spares neither child nor adult. Out of a population of 600 at least 450 have had it. Even the domestic animals are stricken. Deaths are numerous, it being a fact that more adults than children have died.

Obtaining a Bribe.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—The trial of ex-assemblyman Elwood Bruner, charged with attempting to obtain a bribe, has been postponed for three weeks, owing to the absence from the city of Ottinger, the principal witness in the case.

Insolvent.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—J. W. Gendera, the well known candy manufacturer, is insolvent; liabilities $7300; assets $3000.

Our work advertises us. J. Wenger, watchmaker, 90 Government street. *

Dairy Kitchen opens to-day at 11 o'clock. *

DRAGGED TO DEATH.

Mrs. Flanagan Falls From a Buggy—Dies Shortly Afterwards.

Special to the TIMES.

NANAIMO, July 18.—Mrs. Margaret Flanagan, of Wellington, was killed last evening by falling out of a buggy. She left here last evening for home in a buggy. On the way she fell between one of the shafts and the wheels. This scared the horse and he began to plunge. He was not stopped until he had dragged the woman about twenty yards, when she was released. The injured woman got up and walked a few steps, then sat down on the roadside. A doctor was sent for, but before he arrived Mrs. Flanagan expired.

MANITOBA ELECTIONS.

The Nominations on Saturday—List of the Candidates.

WINNIPEG, July 18.—The nominations for the Manitoba Legislature were held on Saturday, the election to take place next Saturday. There were three members returned by acclamation. Fisher, Independent, in Russell, Morton, Government, in Westbourne, and Armstrong, Opposition, in Woodlands. In the three purely French constituencies there are no Government candidates in the field, the fight in each being between two Opposition Frenchmen. This fact is no indication of weakness on the part of the Government, for it was understood from the first that no opponent of separate schools could have any chance of election in the French districts. On the other hand, the weakness of the candidates put up by the Opposition in Winnipeg is generally taken as a sign of Opposition weakness in the whole province. Following are the candidates nominated:

CONSTITUENCY.	GOVERNMENT.	OPPOSITION.
Avondale	W. Herriott (I)	S.M Hartn'y
Beautif'l Pl'ns	J. Crawford	J.A. Davids'n
Birtle	C. J. Mickle	H. M Power
Brandon City	J. A. Smart	W.A Macd'ld
Carillon		T.A. Bernl'r, M. Jerome
Cypress	W. Doig	A. J. Wood
Dennis	D. McLean	J. F. Frame
Deloraine	J. Renton	T. H. Kellett
Dauphin	T. A. Burrows	GlenCamp'el
Emerson	J. Thomson	Dr. M'Fadd'n
Killarney	F. M. Young	Geo. Lawr'ce
Kildonan	J. J. Bird	N. F. Hagel
Lakeside	Dr. Rutherford	W. Wallace
Lansdowne	E. J. Dickson	W.J Hell'well
La Verandrye		W. Laglmodier, T. Pare
Lorne	W. H. Clendening	R.G.O'Mall'y
Manitou	R. Ironside	J. Huston
Minnedosa	R. H. Myers	Dr. Roche
Morden	T. Duncan	R. P. Roblin
Morris	Major Mulvey	A. F. Martin
Mountain	T. Greenway	R. Rogers
Norfolk	S. J. Thompson	R. F. Lyons
N. Brandon	C. Sifton	T. E. Greenwood
P'ge la Prairie	R. Watson	W. J. Cooper
Rockwood	S. J. Jackson	J. B. Rutherford
Rosenfeld	F. Winkler	E. Penner
Rhineland	V. Winkler	N. Bowman
Russell		J Fisher (Ind)
Saskatchew'n	D. McNaught	A. Carss
St. Andrew's	F. W. Colcleugh	E Baldwins'n
St. Boniface		J. Pendergast, R Marion
Souris	A. M. Campbell	W. Hstrat'on
S. Brandon	H. C. Graham	A. Reid
Springfield	T. Smith	R. S. Conklin
Turtle Mo'nt'n	John Hettle	Dr. Shaffner
Westbourne	T. L. Morton (Ind)	
C. Winnipeg	D. H. McMillan	Jno. Winram
N. Winnipeg	P. C. McIntyre	G.H. Campb'l
S. Winnipeg	J. D. Cameron	D.E. Sprague
Woodlands		H. Armstr'ng

A Very Dear Horn

Six thousand three hundred guineas seems an outrageous price to pay for a hunting horn when you can get one for a few shillings, but there is only one Limosin horn in the world, and this was the one that was put up at Christie's to-day in the Colworth sale, says a London dispatch. The bidding began with 100 guineas and jumped by hundreds until it reached 6300, at which price it was taken by Pfungst, the Berlin art expert. Prices ranged higher than at any previous day and some dealers seemed to be reckless in bids. Following are some principal articles disposed of: A silver gilt cup and cover was bought for 275 guineas by Davis; a magnificent deep Arabian dish sold for 41 guineas to Baron Decosson; a Limoges enamel plate went for 600 to Durlacher, also a pair of salt cellars of Limoges enamel for 290; a Limoges enamel plaque portrait of a lady by Limosin, which was formerly in the collection of Baron Brunet Dinon in Paris, fetched 295 guineas from Durlacher, who also got a portrait by Henry Dalbert of the King of Navarre for 360 guineas; a portrait of Marguerite, Queen of Navarre, by Limosin brought 155 guineas from Goldsmidt of Paris; a plaque by one of Pericaud family sold for 560 to Whitehead, while a casket by the same fetched 500 guineas from Durlacher; a pair of carved bellows went for 175 guineas to Rougois; another pair of bellows for 455 to Dueven, who bought an oak cabinet for 215 guineas; for an oak chimneypiece the Hon. Eustice Ponsonby paid 70 guineas. The sale realized £15,388. Among those present were Lords Powerscourt, Coventry, Degrey, Abingdon, Rosebery, Count Cosson, Henri Rochefort, Sir Charles Robinson.

Oddities About the River Nile.

The Nile has a fall of but six inches to the thousand miles! The overflow commences in June every year and continues until August, attaining an elevation of from 24 to 26 feet above low-water mark, and flowing through the "Valley of Egypt" in a turbulent body twelve miles wide. During the last thousand years there has been but one sudden rise of the Nile, that of 1829, when 30,000 people were drowned. After the waters recede each year the exhalations from the mud are simply intolerable to all except natives. This mud deposit adds about eight inches to the soil every century, and throws a muddy embankment from twelve to sixteen feet into the sea every year. This being the case it is plain that the mouth of the river is thousands of feet farther north now than it was in the time of the Ptolemies, and it is only a question of time when the sediment will make a dam entirely across the Mediterranean Sea.

Disinfectants.

Use Carbo-Napthazone for disinfecting purposes. For sale by Langley & Co., 21 and 23 Yates street. *

STILL MORE ENCOURAGING

No Fresh Cases of Smallpox Reported to the Health Officer for Three Days.

Two Deaths Occur Since Issuance of the Last Official Bulletin Saturday.

Not a Single Case Left in the City—All are at the Quarantine Station.

There have been no fresh cases of smallpox reported to this office for the last three days. Two deaths occurred yesterday, those of Mr. Wm. Eckert, at Jubilee quarantine station, and Edward Barrie, at Albert Head station. The majority of the cases now under treatment are doing well; several, however, are severe. The total number of cases now is 54. The Ross Bay quarantine station has been vacated by the children of the Protestant Orphans' Home, and is used for suspected cases. There is not a case of smallpox in the City of Victoria. Dr. Crompton visits the cases daily and reports to this office.

G. L. MILNE,
Health Officer.

The Facts Remain.

It should be understood by the public who might possibly be misled by the attempted refutations in the morning papers yesterday that the statement of the McKay case published in the TIMES on Saturday evening is the plain truth. There are plenty of witnesses resident in the neighborhood who saw the whole affair and were not slow to denounce the action. The News propounds the sage query: "Where were Drs. Crompton and Milne?" They were busy with their multifarious duties and were not aware that the officers would attempt to remove McKay that day. Dr. Crompton said that McKay had just passed the critical state of the disease and was in the condition when perfect quiet and rest are absolutely necessary. In his opinion the man would have recovered had he been given a fair chance for his life. It seems that there was also something wrong with McKay's throat which required that he should be kept in a reclining position.

Then and Now.

Mayor Beaven, when speaking to a TIMES representative last Saturday about the smallpox scare, called to mind the smallpox visitation of 1875–76, when Dr. Walkem was the health officer.

"Was it worse than this visit, Mr. Beaven?"

"Indeed it was," replied the mayor, "a good deal worse. There were over 50 white people and 150 Indians down with it in and around the city."

"They must have had a great time quarantining such a crowd."

"There was no quarantine," said his worship, "no agitation and no wrangling about it. Dr. Walkem handled all the cases himself, and with the greatest success. Treated the patients in their own houses, too."

"Didn't the outside towns raise a howl about it?"

"They did not. Business went on as usual and nobody felt in the least alarmed."

"But Vanc——"

"Vancouver," said the mayor, with a quiet smile, "was very much *in futuro* in those days."

"Do you think the Vancouverites are acting harshly in this affair?"

"There are very few in Victoria who do not think so."

QUARANTINE IN CHILLIWHACK.

Passengers From This City Detained—One Case in Westminster.

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 18.—Chief of Police Houston on Sunday night received the following telegram from Reeve Kitchen, Chilliwhack: "The Irving's passengers in quarantine; notify Gladys and Delaware to bring no Victoria passengers or those who have been in contact with them; they will be quarantined." This dispatch had reference to passengers transferred at Westminster from the Rainbow to the Irving. The passengers were required to undergo 14 days' quarantine. They took their chances in going to Chilliwack, where they are quarantined. It is reported that some of the passengers returned to Mission City and took the eastern train. Acting medical officer, Dr. Boggs, says that there is only one case of smallpox in Westminster. The patient is Miss Kelly. She is convalescent. Mayor Townsend wishes the greatest publicity of this fact.

FROM VANCOUVER.

Six Cases Reported in Chilliwhack — New Cases in Vancouver.

VANCOUVER, July 18.—The steamer Yosemite left on Sunday morning after discharging freight for Westminster.

The train from the east was twenty-four hours late yesterday. The Empress of China did not sail. She will have 18 saloon passengers and 50 Chinese. She sails this afternoon.

The steamer Comox came over from Nanaimo. She had four passengers from Victoria, two for the Empress of China. They were not allowed to land and had to be taken back. The passengers for China were refused passage.

S. M. Spinks, who has been eluding the officers for some days, was gathered in yesterday at an early hour and is now in quarantine. Mackay is still at large.

Several new cases were reported yesterday. Edith Lyall, the reformed Dupont street woman, has been isolated. The physicians, however, declare it a case of tonsilitis. She nursed a smallpox case on Dupont street. Charles Curtis, C. P. R. freight clerk at the wharf, sick several days at the Waverley hotel, was removed last evening to the pest house. Four physicians called in agreed it was not smallpox, but the authorities will take no chances. The only definitely known case was that of McLaughlin, who works at a mill at Hastings. He was taken out of house near the Imperial Opera house yesterday. A report reached here today that there were six cases in Chilliwack.

Information laid against Capt. Rudlin, for landing passenger on Saturday night at Hastings in violation of the provincial health laws, will be tried tomorrow morning on the arrival of the captain at Vancouver.

Warrants are out for several passengers by the Yosemite known to be in the city. The reported discovery of new cases in the city has intensified the feeling, and quarantine will be enforced more strictly than ever. Two cases, one on the C.P.R. wharf and one at Hastings, are attributed to the landing of passengers from Victoria.

Sunday's Pacific Express was ditched near Sicamous and was cancelled. No one hurt.

REACHED A CLIMAX.

Vancouver Refuses to Land Passengers from Nanaimo—Retaliation Suggested.

NANAIMO, July 18.—Affairs have now reached a climax between the Nanaimo and Vancouver authorities over the smallpox regulations. Yesterday morning the steamer Comox left in place of the Cutch, and among the passengers were Mrs. Atkins and four tourists from Victoria; the latter were en route for China. On reaching Vancouver Mrs. Atkins, being known, was allowed to land, Mr. Trapp followed, and next came one of the four tourists, who, in answer to a query, said he had been in Victoria for the past few days. That settled it. A constable was instructed to arrest the two previous passengers who had landed and brought them back to the steamer. The passengers landed at Nanaimo last night and are highly indignant. Passengers from Nanaimo will now be compelled to sign the following declaration before landing at Vancouver: "I hereby declare that I have not been in Victoria during the past 14 days, and I further declare I was not a passenger on the steamer Comox, arriving at Vancouver on July 17th." There was a small meeting of the authorities here last night and the question arose as to the necessity of retaliation on Vancouves. The actions of yesterday's proceedings were severely criticized and it is claimed here that it was another stab at Victoria. All communication will now be cut off with Vancouver, and whether it is the intention to place the same restraint upon Victoria will be known later in the day. The probabilities are that a steamer will be chartered to run between Nanaimo and Tacoma for all produce that may be required.

Mr. D. Moffat has threatened the Free Press with a libel suit owing to a statement appearing in its columns to the effect that it was his fault if a child had been nearly smothered.

Helped at the Burial.

Respecting the denial of Mr. H. Kent in yesterday's Colonist, that a nurse who had been attending the late Mr. Waitt went upon a Fort street car shortly after coming from the sick room, the writer can only say that he received the information from a source whom even Mr. Kent, had he been in the writer's place, would scarcely have hesitated to accept as authentic. However, it is known now that the man was not a nurse, but had assisted at the burial of the late Mr. Waitt. No reflection was intended to be cast either upon the memory of the late Mr. Waitt or upon Mr. Kent by the item.

Smallpox Across the Line.

A man who has acted in the capacity of smallpox hospital nurse in Snohomish City, Washington, arrived here on Saturday night from his home in Sultan City, Wash., on the line of the Great Northern. He applied to Dr. Milne for a position as nurse at the quarantine hospitals. He says the Sound cities and the towns he visited in Washington State have many cases of smallpox. There were six cases in Seattle last week; as many in Tacoma; seven cases in Fairhaven, ten in Whatcom and fifteen cases in Snohomish, which is a town of 1500 inhabitants. These have all been under treatment for weeks past, but the authorities kept the facts quiet, and so did the newspapers.

No Need of Quarantine.

On Saturday evening Mayor Beaven sent the following telegram to the mayor of San Francisco, Seattle, Port Townsend and Vancouver:

Victoria, July 16.—If you realized the true condition of affairs here you would not think of quarantining this port. All smallpox cases have been quarantined or removed to the hospital, two miles from Government street, or to the quarantine station, eight miles distant. We take every precaution to prevent spread of infection or persons exposed to infection going on board steamers. No new cases reported in the last thirty-six hours.

ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

The Death Roll.

The names of those who have died of smallpox since the present visitation commenced are ten in number, as follows:

Thomas A. Burrows, Edward Barry, W. A. Short, W. Brown, Daniel McKay, Wm. Eckert, Mr. Niles, M. W. Waitt, J. Ball, (a child 6 years old) Georgie, inmate Refuge Home.

A Little too Strict.

The Puget Sound health officer, who boarded the Loo Sok in the straits last evening seems to have gone a little too far in carrying out the quarantine regulations. When the boat arrived here Pilot Ramsay stepped ashore for the purpose of getting an American flag for the steamer. The officious health officer would not allow him to board the

[Continued on page 4.]

Plate, Ornamental and Sheet Glass, Paints, Oils, &c.

MORSE'S ENGLISH SANITARY CALCARUM

For Tinting Plaster Walls and Ceilings, at

J. W. MELLOR'S, 76 and 78 Fort Street, above Douglas,

SANITARY and other WALLPAPER

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

VERNON.

The Enderby mill is only running half time.

Mr. Mark Hyatts' tender, $8000, for the court house building has been accepted by the Government and construction will be begun right away.

Mr. Charles Williams, who was drowned while fording the Similkameen river a few miles above the ferry last Tuesday week, was son-in-law to Mr. C. C. Tilton, of Spallumcheen. According to Mr. Geo. Walker, who was with him at the time, Williams' horse plunged when in deep water and he never came up again. His body has not been recovered. It is two years since his marriage.

On Monday morning Mr. R. D. Irvine, who was lately appointed school teacher at Vernon, placed his resignation in the hands of the trustees and left the same afternoon for the coast.

The Maritime Province delegates came down from Sicamouse junction in their special tourist car on Tuesday morning and remained at Vernon all day, driving into the country and examining the farm and ranching lands.

Mr. Richard Farrell, travelling passenger agent of the C.P.R., arrived in Vernon on Saturday and took Monday's boat for the lower country. The object of his trip is to appoint C.P.R. agents through Osooyos and Kettle River and also south of the line, in Conconully, Ruby, Loomiston, etc., with a view to drawing the trade of the mining districts in Okanagan country with the coast towns to the S. & O. and Okanagan Lake route. Mr. Farrell will travel as far as Coulee City, on the N.P.R., and return to Winnipeg via Spokane Falls. The C.P.R. route cannot fail to prove of benefit to the towns in Palmer Mountain and other mining regions just south of the line, as about 100 miles of hauling will be done away with, the more so as Mr. Corbin's railway through the Colville reservation to tap the same section of country will probably not be built for some time to come. Mr. Farrell will remain several weeks in the lower country and North Washington, with a view of thoroughly taking in the requirements of the "Okanagan gold belt" in the way of transportation facilities.

LOWER OKANAGAN.

The news reached Vernon on Saturday of the drowning at Krugers of Mr. Thomas McMyn, brother and partner of Mr. Graham McMyn, of Rock creek. He was moving Mr. Lambly's effects from Camp McKinney to Osooyoos by pack train on June 28th, and in coming to the bridge a colt took to the water. In chasing the colt, Mr. McMyn got into deep water and in checking his horse suddenly reared and fell over backwards, being unable to swim he was drowned before help could be rendered. The body was taken to Myers Creek and buried on the 30th ult., Rev. Mr. Sharpe (of Similkameen) conducting the service. He was in the prime of life, a strong, tall, healthy Scotchman from the banks of Cree, aged 31 years.

A white man shot an Indian at Loomiston last week in self defence, during a gambling dispute.

Mrs. Ahlers and daughter, of Loomiston, passed through Vernon en route to New York on Saturday.

ENDERBY.

Mr. Charles Ashton, who has a ranch some seven miles from town, up the river, managed last week to get even on a bear which had been playing havoc with his pigs. He heard one of his pigs squealing and while fetching his rifle, saw a bear running off with it into a cedar swamp. He fired and wounded the bear in the front paw, which immediately dropped the pig and "made for" him. He fired again, hitting bruin in the breast. The bear caught up the pig again and was running off, when Ashton placed a bullet in its heart.

OKANAGAN MISSION.

There are now four hotels at the Mission. The St. John Hotel, the Benvoulin Hotel, the Kelowna House and the Tom and Jerry House. The latter is in Short Cut valley and is the latest acquisition.

The heavy rain of July 1st caused Mission creek to rise so suddenly that the dam put in last spring was washed away. Mill creek was at least two feet higher than at any time this season.

Haying is now the main occupation at the Mission. One ton per acre is the average crop.

There is every promise of a fair grape crop this year in the Lequime orchard.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

There is a fair schoolhouse in Pleasant Valley which has been standing idle for many a day; not because there are not enough attendants to make up the required average, but merely through the consummate obstinacy of one or two persons. This is the kind of thing we hear: "If John Jones goes, my children shan't go," and "If Mary Jane Tompkins doesn't go, our Susan Ann shall stop at home," and so on.

There is no doubt that a municipality for this district would be a great advantage, as the by-roads are, as a rule, in a shocking state, and the Government does not seem inclined to mend them; moreover, $1000 is allowed by the Government to each municipality, and this, added to the real estate taxes and the licenses, would in a few years, if judiciously applied, make such a difference that the place would hardly be recognized.

Among the recent arrivals at Armstrong are two Icelanders, their wives, families and "iktas." The latter include two span of oxen which have brought them all the way from South Dakota.

The rosy freshness and a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use *Pozzoni's Complexion Powder*.

The smallpox has proved to some that it does not pay to have washing done at Chinese wash-houses. Wake up lovers of cleanliness and patronize the Steam Laundry! *

Hospital Directors Meet.

The directors of the Jubilee Hospital held an informal meeting on Saturday evening, there being present President Davies and Messrs. A.C. Flumerfelt, A. Wilson, B. Gordon, D M. Eberts, E. C. Baker, A. B. Gray, C. Hayward, W. M. Chudley and H. M. Yates, secretary.

President Davies thanked the directors for the assistance they had given in providing accommodation for the patients at the quarantine station. A number of tents had been pitched, a stable erected and another hospital ward 100 by 30 feet was about ready for occupation.

A telegram had been sent to Ottawa requesting the use of two large condemned marquee tents, belonging to the military department, in case they were needed. Col. Panet, Deputy Minister of Militia and Defence, replied that the city could have them for $80.

The generosity of the Dominion Government was commented on and it was decided not to accept the offer at present.

The president was empowered to arrange for a conference with the city and provincial officials.

There was also some discussion as to the advisability of erecting another building on the eight acres offered by R. P. Rithet, Esq. It was held that it would be cheaper to build the building now than when there is any hurry.

ONLY 10,000,000 YEARS MORE.

That is the Outside Limit of the Existence of Man on the Earth.

Goldthwaite's Geographical Magazine: There is a distinct limit to man's existence on earth, dictated by the ultimate exhaustion of the sun. It is, of course, a question of much interest for us to speculate on the probable duration of the sun's beams in sufficient abundance for the continued maintenance of life. Perhaps the most reliable determinations are those which have been made by Prof. Langley. They are based on his own experiments upon the intensity of solar radiation, conducted under circumstances that give them special value. I shall endeavor to give a summary of the interesting results and conclusions at which he has arrived.

The utmost amount of heat that it would ever have been possible for the sun to have contained would supply its radiation for 18,000,000 years at the present rate. Of course, this does not assert that the sun, as a radiant body, may not be much older than the period named. We have already seen that the rate at which sunbeams are poured forth has gradually increased as the sun rose in temperature. In the early times the quantity of sunbeams dispensed was much less per annum than at present, and it is, therefore, quite possible that the figures may be so enlarged as to meet the requirements of any reasonable geological demand with regard to past duration of life on the earth.

It seemed that the sun had already dissipated about four-fifths of the energy with which it may have originally been endowed. At all events it seems that radiating energy at its present rate, the sun may hold out for 4,000,000 years or for 5,000,000 years, but not for 10,000,000 years. Here, then, we discern in the remote future a limit to the duration of life on this globe. We have seen that it does not seem possible for any other source of heat to be available for replenishing the waning stores of the luminary. It may be that the heat was originally imparted to the sun as the result of some great collision between two bodies which were both dark before the collision took place, so that, in fact, the two dark masses coalesced into a vast nebula from which the whole of our system has been evolved. Of course it is always conceivable that the sun may be reinvigorated by a repetition of a similar startling process. It is, however, hardly necessary to observe that so terrific a convulsion would be fatal to life in the solar system. Neither from the heavens above nor from the earth beneath does it seem possible to discover any rescue for the human race to the inevitable end. The race is as immortal as the individual, and, so far as we know, its span cannot under any circumstances be run out beyond a number of millions of years which can certainly be told on the fingers of both hands, and probably on the fingers of one.

Home-made pastry and apple dumplings at the Dairy Kitchen. *

The Coquitlam Appraised.

The steamship Queen, which arrived at Nanaimo on Saturday, brought news that the Coquitlam and her cargo had been appraised. The steamer is assessed at $30,000 and the skins at $10 each. The merchandise has not yet been assessed, but it is expected that bonds to the extent of $120,000 will be required for the release of the steamer.

Kittie Fox of Fairhaven, Vt.

"When my daughter Kitty was about three years old, Eczema or Salt Rheum appeared on her face. It itched so badly she would

Scratch till it Bled

We had seven or eight doctors, without the least shadow of benefit. When Kitty had taken half a bottle of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

She was better, and when she had taken 1½ bottles she was perfectly cured and has shown

No Sign of Salt Rheum

For almost four years. Her skin is now as fair and clear as any child's in town." WM. FOX, Williams State Mantel Works, Fair Haven, Vt.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

Keeping a Remarkable Vow.

New York Recorder.]

In this village lives a woman who has not been out of her bed for thirty years. She remains in her bed not from any infirmity, but from choice.

Thirty years ago, when a very pretty, attractive girl of eighteen, she was the belle of the village, a leader at all dances, picnics and social gatherings. She had any number of beaux, but, strange to say, had never received a proposal of marriage. This she felt very keenly, particularly as her girl friends were one by one marrying.

Two or three months before her nineteenth birthday she told her mother that if she did not receive an offer of marriage before her birthday, she would go to bed and remain there as long as she lived. Her mother treated it as a joke and thought no more of it.

The girl was doomed to disappointment and on retiring on the night of her nineteenth birthday said, "It is no use, and I'll never get up again." She has kept her word all these years. Threats and pursuasions had not the slightest effect upon her.

Her mother took care of her at first and then, at the mother's death, a sister took the task upon herself. Now the sister is dead and she is left to the care of more distant relatives. She is very cheerful and seemingly contented, and is always glad to have some of the neighbors drop in to chat with her. She is quite talkative until the subject of her keeping to her bed is broached, and then she has nothing whatever to say.

Her hair is gray and her skin very sallow, but one can easily see that in her youth she must have been an extremely pretty girl. Her room is on the ground floor, and in summer her bed is drawn up under the open window, on the outside of which has been built for her a wide ledge or shelf. Her head and shoulders are well wrapped up, and she rests them out on this ledge.

She will lie there by the hour, looking up the street and holding in her hand a small mirror, held so that she can see what is coming behind her. She is very fond of children, and they play around under her window, and seem to quite like the decidedly queer-looking object on the window ledge.

Try B. Sprung & Co., stalls 26 and 27 City Market, for mild bacon, fresh smoked hams, butter, eggs, etc.

The Pocket Health Officer, a reliable disinfectant, at Bowes and Co., 27 Johnson street. *

ADVICE.

Instead of Blarneying about the Canada Western, etc., during the warm weather, you should look in at D. Campbell & Co's, the **Only Tailors** in the province, and see their fine Summer Suitings, something that will keep you cool and comfortable.

D. CAMPBELL & CO.,
88 Government St.
m-w-f

K. of P., FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1.

ALL MEMBERS WISHING TO PAY DUES can leave same with S. Sea, Jr., at H. Waller's clothing store, Douglas street.
jy16-3t By order, H. L. O'BRIEN, C.C.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY:

James Allison, formerly proprietor of the Caledonian Dye House, has reopened at 116 Yates St., under the name of the Paisley Dye Works, and will be glad of the patronage of his old customers. He is now in a position to take in Piece Goods and all kinds of Fancy Work. All work guaranteed. jy16-1m

Notice to the Public.

HAVING heard so many reports about town that most of the Expressmen are carrying smallpox patients to the Quarantine Station, and finding it detrimental to our business, we think it nothing but right that we, the undersigned express and draymen, beg to inform the public that we have not carried patients infected with smallpox, and that our wagons and drays are free from infectious disease.

(Signed.) T. Whitwell, R. B. Andrews, M.F. Campbell, John Bennett, W. L. Lambert, John Porter, Wm. Hawksby, John McInnis, John Moraes, Vic. Transfer Co., W. Trickey, L. H. Sharp, Jo. Smithurst, E. Lewis, D. J. McDonald, D. M. Robertson, J. Vermouth, J. Smith.
jy15-2w

Notice to the Public.

I WISH to notify the public that the Victoria Transfer Company have strictly refused to carry any persons or baggage in any way connected with smallpox, and that all our drivers have had special orders from the time the first case was known in the city, to avoid and refuse any connection whatsoever with the disease. All our premises and conveyances are regularly and systematically disinfected, and I can therefore safely and conscientiously recommend our hacks and wagons to our patrons and the public.

A. HENDERSON,
jy15 Supt. Victoria Transfer Co., L'd.

TO LET.

House, standing on lot 100 feet square, containing 10 rooms, near Dallas Road, with full sea view. Apply to
J. GERHARD TIARKS,
31 Government St. je23tf Architect.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN, CURES
RHEUMATISM,
Backache, Bruises,
Sciatica, Burns,
Sprains, Frost-Bites,
NEURALGIA.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

WHEN
WOODENWARE
OR
WASHBOARDS
Are wanted ask for
THE
E. B. EDDY CO'S
Their name is a guarantee of superiority.

Jas. Mitchell, Agent, 102 Government St., Victoria
mon

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.
— BANKERS —
VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.
— AGENTS FOR —
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. J. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S
PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there, is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

— OFFICES —
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

NOTICE.

The Hotel Victoria.

The Management of the Hotel Victoria have taken every precaution to guard against infectious disease.

Everything pertaining to the house is new, the sewerage system perfect.

Dr. Geo. A. Duncan, who is the resident physician of the Hotel, makes a personal inspection daily.

P. T. PATTON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
Store street, Victoria, B. C.
Millers of China and Japan Rice
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.
VICTORIA
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts
No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

STEAMBOATS.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1892, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer
Alameda.....THURSDAY, July 21st, 1892, 8 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
ov2 General Agents

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER
ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,
Until further notice,
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 5 a.m
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday 7 a.m
For freight or passage apply on board. oc17

Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship Co.
TIME CARD.
VICTORIA ROUTE.
STEAMSHIP CITY OF KINGSTON

8:00 a.m	*Lv	Tacoma	Ar		5:15 a.m.
10:15 a.m	Lv	Seattle	Lv		3:00 a.m.
1:30 p.m	Lv	Pt Towns'd	Lv		11:45 p.m.
4:30 p.m	Ar	Victoria	Lv†		8:30 p.m.

PORT TOWNSEND (MAIL) ROUTE.

11:00 p.m	*Lv	Seattle	Ar		3:00 p.m.
12:30 a.m	Lv	Pt Madison	Lv		2:10 p.m.
	Lv	Kingston	Lv		
3:00 a.m	Lv	Pt Gamble	Lv		11:00 a.m.
4:00 a.m	Lv	Pt Ludlow	Lv		10:00 a.m.
6:00 a.m	Ar	Pt Towns'd	Lv‡		8:00 a.m.

SNOHOMISH RIVER ROUTE.

7:00 a.m	*Lv	Seattle	Ar		2:00 p.m.
8:45 a.m	Lv	Edmonds	Lv		12:30 p.m.
10:30 a.m	Lv	Muckilteo	Lv		10:45 a.m.
11:00 a.m	Lv	Everett	Lv		9:45 a.m.
12:00 m	Lv	Marysville	Lv		9:30 a.m.
2:00 p.m	Lv	Lowell	Lv		8:00 a.m.
3:00 p.m	Ar	Snohomish	Lv*		7:00 a.m.

*Daily except Sunday. †Daily except Saturday ‡Daily except Monday.

Snohomish River steamer leaves Tacoma, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 6:00 p.m.

Steamer City of Kingston makes close connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

G. G. CHANDLER,
jal8 G. F. & P. A., Tacoma, Wash.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.
City of Puebla - - - - July 22
H. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 17,
Taking effect April 1, 1892.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

See the Butter Melt!

Get a family size
American :: Refrigerator
And keep your Butter, Meat, Milk, etc., nice and sweet during the hot weather.

A stock of all sizes just arrived. Also Ice Cream Freezers, Hose, Lawn Sprinklers, etc., etc., at

McLENNAN & McFEELY'S
134-136 Government Street.

ROBERT N. FITTON,
LANDSCAPE GARDENER
Fifteen years' practical experience.

Pruning, Flower and Vegetable Gardens laid out and kept in order by day or contract.

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR TILE OR BOX DRAINING.

All communications attended to promptly.
RESIDENCE 58 NORTH PARK ST.
Box 748. mh7 tf Victoria, B.C.

BOATING SUITS, FINE FLANNEL SHIRTS, LIGHT WEIGHT JACKETS, CRICKETING PANTS, STRAW HATS, SUMMER SUITS

For Men and Boys.

LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
97 Johnson Street.

HONEY MADE BY INSECTS.

Not by Bees Alone, But by Wasps, Ants and Other Bugs.

Washington Star: "Did you ever consider how many flowers are required to supply one pound of honey?" said a naturalist "About two and a half millions is a fair estimate. Think what a vast amount of toil by hard-working bees that represents! However, there are other creatures besides bees that gather honey. For example, there is the 'honey-wasp' of tropical America and the honey-making ant of Texas and New Mexico. The latter is very abundant in the neighborhood of Santa Fe, and the sweet it collects are highly esteemed by the Mexicans, not only as food but for medicinal purposes. There is an insect called the 'tazma' in Ethiopia which deposits its stores of honey without wax. It looks like a giant mosquito, and its product, which it hides away in holes under ground, is eagerly sought by the natives as a remedy for diseases of the throat.

"There are giant bees in India which suspend combs as big as house doors from the branches of trees in the forests. In the Koono province of Lihuania bees are reared in excavated tree trunks in the woods, and the famous Koono honey derives its peculiar and delicious flavor from the blossoms of the linden tree which are so abundant in that region. One tribe of people in the province devotes its attention exclusively to beekeeping. It is taught in Switzerland by paid lecturers, who go from town to town and from canton to canton. In that country honey is a staple article of food even among the poorest classes, bread and honey being the most common breakfast. One gets nothing else for the morning meal at the big hotels. Consequently nearly all of the Swiss product is required for home consumption and very little of it is imported.

"All over continental Europe apiculture is a very important industry. The German Government compels all schoolmasters to pass an examination in beekeeping. European Russia produces 700,000 pounds of honey annually. The ancient Greeks were famous for honey making, but the business is neglected by their modern descendants. Corsican honey is rendered so bitter by the arbutus blossoms from which much of it is obtained as to be unpalatable. The greatest bee keepers in the world are in the United States. Single individuals in California each own from 2000 to 12,000 swarms, which they farm out to the owners of orangeries and other fruit orchards during the blossoming season. One bee farm in San Diego County in that State furnishes 150,000 pounds of honey annually. Some bee farmers have floating bee houses, which follow the streams to find flowering pastures for the insects. This was done in Egypt thousands of years ago. It has even been proposed to send swarms by ship to the West Indies to winter.

Returning American Securities.

New York Post: Some inkling of the amount of stocks and bonds, chiefly American, sold back by English investors this year to the countries of their origin may be obtained from the British Board of Trade returns. During the five completed months of 1892, Great Britain's total merchandise imports increased $4,427,478 over the similar period in 1891, while its exports decreased no less than $8,450,035. Of silver bullion the country imported more than last year, but its increase in exports was equally large. The "balance of trade" on the official tables, therefore, was less favorable to the country by at least $64,000,000 than it was a year ago. Yet Great Britain has imported only $12,000,000 less gold than in the five months of 1891, and has, moreover, decreased its gold exports, as compared with last year, by $9,000,000. All this can be explained only by the enormous increase in some unrecorded branch of exports; and that these exports have been chiefly American securities, our own trade and market history proves. A curious illustration of the fact that the pinch of actual distress is felt with less acuteness in England than it was a year ago appears from the consumption of luxuries. During the month of May alone 3,000,000 pounds more of tea were taken out of bond than in May of last year, and the consumption of coffee, cocoa, tobacco and wines showed similar though less remarkable increase. Importers of these luxuries in England are still timid, however, about increasing their supply, and the record of their shipments from abroad affords an interesting contrast with the great increase this year in our own importations of the same commodities.

The Oldest Recorded Language.

Probably the oldest known specimens of recorded language of the world today are inscriptions on the door sockets and brick stamps found at Niffer by the Babylonian exploration expedition of the University of Pennsylvania. The brick stamps, which are of yellow clay about four by five inches and an inch in thickness, bear the name and title of King Sargon and his son, Narim-Sin, who lived about 3800 B.C., and they were taken from the mound which covers the site of ancient Nippurn, with its famous temple of Baal. The expedition also found many other objects of interest, such as clay tablets containing contracts, lists of goods, temple incomes, art fragments, and images sold by the temple fakirs. These throw much light on the history of the people as opposed to that of the Kings, and the work of the expedition carries Babylonian records back a thousand years to a time of which practically nothing has hitherto been known. The antiquities found are now in the university museum.

No Other Sarsaparilla has the merit by which Hood's Sarsaparilla has won such a firm hold upon the confidence of the people.

Balmoral hotel, finest restaurant in the province, excellent table board, European plan, homelike and cheerful. Strictly first-class. Cor. Fort and View, opposite Victoria theatre. *

Try the Dairy Kitchen; something new and very popular. *

WILL MOTHERS RELY ON PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE AND ADVICE?

More than one-half of the mother's every-day worries, cares, watchings and anxieties are caused by the cross, peevish and sickly infant. Hundreds of mothers have this daily experience, and many of them wonder why other mothers are more favored and blessed. Loving and self-sacrificing mothers are inclined to ask why other babies are so bright, happy and robust, while theirs are so troublesome and weak.

This is quickly and easily explained; and, judging from the letters which thankful mothers daily send in, the following reason will satisfactorily unfold the truth:—

The happy, bright and vigorous babies who coo all day long in healthy glee, and who rest and sleep well at night, are all fed on Lactated Food; while the multitude of weak, puny, cross and peevish babies are daily fed wity a poor quality of cow's milk, often stale and diseased; or with some of the poorly prepared artificial foods, which do not contain the elements necessary for a baby's nourishment and growth.

This is the season when Lactated Food shows its vast superiority over all other Foods. This the time when careful and sensible mothers appreciate its worth. Disease and infantile summer complaints may hover around us, sending forth their deadily arrows; yet amidst all this danger, the babies who are fed on Lactated Food are safe from pestilence and sickness; they go forward from strength to strength, and mothers are not worried and careworn regarding their condition.

This is only true when life-giving Lactated Food is used; experience has proved the correctness of this assertion.

Physicians are strongly urging its use in the familiy, knowing its great value. Can you rely on professional experience, dear mother, or will you still trust your own judgment and small experience, and run the risk of losing your dear babe from cholera infantum, dysentery, or some other summer complaint?

Try Breakfast Gem, the finest cereal food for people troubled with dyspepsia, to be had at J. P. Matthews & Co., SOLE AGENTS for Victoria. *

Board of Trade.

The first meeting of the new council of the B. C. Board of Trade will be held in the board's room to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

We claim our regular prices are fully

10 PER CENT. LOWER

than others in our line, and in addition we

GIVE 5 PER CENT.

in goods on all cash sales.

CAMERON

The Clothier,

55 JOHNSON STREET.

A BY-LAW

In Aid of the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia passed at the last session, intituled, "The Victoria & Sidney Railway Act, 1892," a company was incorporated with power to lay out, construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from some convenient and accessible point within the City of Victoria by the most feasible and available engineering route to the Townsite of Sidney in the District of North Saanich.

AND WHEREAS, under and by virtue of another Act of the said Legislature passed at the last session thereof, intituled, "The Victoria & Sidney Railway Subsidy Act, 1892," power was taken by the Government of British Columbia to guarantee the payment of interest, until maturity, at two per cent. per annum on bonds of the said railway company, issued to an amount not exceeding $300,000, or its equivalent in sterling money, the principal of such bonds to be payable not later than 25 years from their date.

AND WHEREAS, under and by virtue of section 104, subsections, 2, 3 and 4 of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council in every municipality is authorized from time to time to make by-laws among other things for endorsing and guaranteeing the payment of any debentures or interest on any debentures to be issued by any railway or tramway company, constructed or proposed to be constructed, either wholly within the limits or partly within the limits and partly without, for the money by them borrowed, and for assessing and levying, from time to time, upon the whole rateable property of the Municipality a sum sufficient to discharge the debt or engagements so contracted.

AND WHEREAS the said Railway Company have applied to the Corporation of the City of Victoria for a guarantee of payment of interest on certain of the bonds of the said Company upon the railway proposed to be constructed by the said Company, by virtue of the said charter, to the amount of three per cent. on the sum of $300,000, for a period of 25 years.

AND WHEREAS, under and by virtue of the foregoing recited Act, intituled the "Victoria and Sidney Railway Subsidy Act, 1892, provision is made in clause 2 thereof that in case, at any time, an agreement is entered into by the Company with the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the furnishing by the said Corporation of a guarantee of payment of interest to a further amount of two or more per cent. on the bonds of the Company, up to not more than $300,000, the Government may make such arrangements for permitting the said Corporation to share any security taken by them for advances hereunder, and such provisions as to the manner of holding the same as to them may seem fit.

AND WHEREAS the said Company was thereby empowered to charge its undertaking and its tolls and property, real and personal, with the repayment of all the moneys paid by the Provincial Government in respect of the guarantee thereby authorized second and subject only to the charge given in favor of the bondholders under the Company's Act of Incorporation, and with further power to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to enter into all agreements which might be necessary for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the said Act.

AND WHEREAS it is desirable that a guarantee of payment of interest on bonds by the said Corporation should be made, and an agreement to that effect entered into by the said Corporation with the said Company, and that an arrangement should be made by the said Corporation with the said Government for permission to the said Corporation to share any security taken by the said Government for advance by them and by the said Corporation and otherwise as provided by the said Act.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of $9000 to be raised annually by special rate for paying the amount of the said guarantee in the event of the said Corporation being called upon to pay the same.

AND WHEREAS the whole amount of the rateable land and improvements of real property of the Municipality, according to the last revised assessment roll, is $17,563,148.

AND WHEREAS it will require an annual special rate of half a mill on the dollar for paying the amount of such guarantee in the event of the Corporation being called upon to pay the same.

AND WHEREAS the total amount of such guarantee in the event of the Corporation being called upon to pay the same is $9000.

THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria:

1. There shall be assessed and levied in each year an equal special rate of one-half of one mill on the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year for the payment of the interest payable under the said guarantee.

2. The amount of such special rate shall be collected in each year from time to time as the said Corporation may be called upon to pay the amount of the said guarantee.

3. The Corporation of the City of Victoria shall guarantee interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the bonds of the Victoria & Sidney Railway Company to the amount of $300,000 for a period not exceeding twenty-five years from the date of this By-Law going into effect, under and subject to the conditions prescribed in this By-Law.

4. Any sum or sums of money which may hereafter be paid by the Corporation under this guarantee shall be a first charge upon the undertaking, tolls and property of the said Company, subject only to the said bonds and to such division thereof as between the Government of British Columbia and the Corporation as may be agreed upon by the said Government and the said Corporation, and the acceptance of the benefit of this By-Law by the said Company shall be deemed conclusive evidence of the assent of the said Company to all the terms of this By-Law.

5. All the moneys obtained from the proceeds of the said bonds in respect of which interest is guaranteed by the said Corporation shall be applied by the said Company in payment of the right of way, construction, equipment of the said railway and expenses incidental thereto.

6. It shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to endorse, or cause to be endorsed, on the said bonds so proposed to be issued by the said railway company the guarantee in the form and manner prescribed in the memorandum of agreement set forth in the schedule attached to this by-law, and for the Clerk of the said Corporation to countersign and seal the said endorsements.

7. This by-law is passed upon the express condition that the said Company shall actually and bona fide commence the work of construction of the said railway on or before the first day of October, 1892, and thereafter prosecute the same with reasonable diligence until the completion of the railway ready for active operation; in any event such date of completion not to be later than the first day of September, 1894, and that a failure to observe such time limit or limits shall render the Company liable to a penalty of One Hundred Dollars ($100) per day for every day beyond such time limits the Company shall be in default in commencing or completing the said road, which said penalty may be recovered by action in any Court of competent jurisdiction at the suit of the Corporation or Government aforesaid.

8. The said Company shall not directly or indirectly employ Chinese upon, about or in connection with the work of construction, and in the event of so doing, or of any of the said Company's employees or any sub-contractor under them so doing the Company shall be liable to a penalty of ten dollars ($10) for each day for each Chinese so employed, to be recovered as specified in Clause 7 of this By-Law.

9. The Company shall not pay any dividends to any shareholder or other person so long as any money remains due or owing to the said Government or the Corporation of the City of Victoria in respect of the said guarantee.

10. The said Railway so to be constructed shall be of a standard guage and to be operated by steam power, and one train per day (Sundays excepted) shall be run over the said line from each end thereof.

11. Plans of the location of so much of the line and terminal works of the said Railway as shall be within the limits of the City of Victoria shall be filed by the Company in the office of the City Clerk, and shall be subject to the approval of the Municipal Council before any work of construction shall be proceeded with within such City limits.

12. All expenses connected with, or incidental to the passage of this by-law, shall be borne and paid by the said company to the corporation of the City of Victoria before this by-law shall be submitted to the ratepayers.

13. No contract in connection with the construction of the said proposed railway shall be let to any person or persons, firm or corporation, who have not been for over six months prior to the date of calling for tenders for the said contract, resident or residents of the said Province, from the date of receiving tenders for the said work.

14. This by-law is subject to the agreement made between the Government of the Province of British Columbia, and the Corporation of the City of Victoria, and the Victoria and Sidney Railway Comyany, in the words and figures set forth in the schedule hereto, which schedule is hereby incorporated herewith, and made part of this by-law.

15. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the municipality, in the manner provided in the Municipal Act, 1892, and shall take effect on the 25th day of July, 1892.

SCHEDULE.

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT made and entered into the seventh day of July, one thousand, eight hundred and ninety-two, between the Victoria & Sidney Railway Company hereinafter called the Company of the first part, the Corporation of the City of Victoria, hereinafter called the Corporation of the second part, and the Minister of Finance and Agriculture, acting for and on behalf of the Province of British Columbia, hereinafter called the Minister of the third part.

WHEREAS, The Company are duly incorporated under the provisions of the Victoria & Sidney Railway Act, 1892, and in and by the said act the Company are empowered to borrow money on mortgage or on bond or either, and they may in manner prescribed in the act issue bonds not exceeding twenty thousand dollars ($20,000.00) per mile of railway, payable at such time and in such manner and in such place or places in Canada or elsewhere, and bear such rate of interest not exceeding eight per cent (8 per cent) per annum, as the Directors may think proper.

AND WHEREAS, by section one (1) of the Victoria and Sidney Railway Sudsidy Act of 1892," it is provided that the Government of British Columbia may guarantee the payment of interest until maturity at 2 per cent. per annum on bonds of the company issued to an amount not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000) or its equivalent in sterling money, but subject nevertheless to the conditions and restrictions in the said section contained, and the company are thereby empowered to charge its undertaking and its tolls and property, real and personal, then existing, or at any time thereafter acquired, with the repayment of all moneys to be paid by the Provincial Government in respect of the guarantee thereby authorized, subject to the rights of the bond-holders for payment of the principal of the bonds at maturity.

AND WHEREAS, by section two (2) of the last mentioned act it is provided that "in case at any time an agreement is entered into by the company with the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the furnishing by the said Corporation of a guarantee of interest to a further amount of two or more per cent. upon the bonds of the company up to not more than three hundred thousand dollars the Government may make such arrangements for permitting the said Corporation to share any security taken by them for advances hereunder, and such provisions as to the manner of holding the same as to them seem fi

AND WHEREAS, the Company have applied to the Government to give such guarantee as aforesaid of interest on the sum of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000.00) for a term of twenty-five (25) years, at the rate of two per cent. (2 per cent.) per annum, and agreed in consideration of such guarantee to pledge its undertaking and its said tolls and property as security thereof, which the said Government has agreed to do and to accept.

AND WHEREAS, similar application has been made by the Company to the Corporation to guarantee the interest to a further amount of three per cent. (3 per cent.) upon the Company's bonds up to not more than three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000.00) which the Corporation have agreed to do but subject, nevertheless, to ratification by the ratepayers of the City of Victoria in manner prescribed by section one hundred and eleven (111) of the Municipal Act, 1892.

NOW THIS AGREEMENT WITNESSETH, that in pursuance of the premises it is hereby agreed by and between the several parties hereto, as follows, viz:—

1. The Company shall commence the construction of their said intended railway on or before the first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and in default of so doing this agreement shall be void and of no effect.

2. The Company shall within ninety days (90) after the date hereof proceed to issue the whole of the bonds authorized by the said Act of Incorporation, payable in twenty-five years from date, bearing interest at five per cent. per annum, but not to exceed in the whole the sum of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000.00), such bonds to bear coupons for the half-yearly payments of the interest thereon, which bonds, subject to the provisions of section one (1) and two (2) of the said "Victoria & Sydney Railway Sudsidy Act, 1892," shall bear the following endorsement, which endorsement shall be signed by the Minister and the Mayor for the time being of the City of Victoria, and be counter-signed and sealed by the Clerk of the Corporation. "The payment of the interest but not the capital of this bond at the rate of two per cent. (2 per cent.) per annum half-yearly on the first days of March and September in each year is undertaken and guaranteed by the Government of the Province of British Columbia for twenty-five years from the first day of September, A.D., 1892, to the first day of September, A.D., 1917, and the further payment of interest but not the capital of this bond at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the days and for the time aforesaid is undertaken and guaranteed by the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

3. The Government and Corporation shall guarantee in manner aforesaid the payment of the interest on the bonds so agreed to be issued as aforesaid in the proportions and at the times aforesaid, and the signature of the "Minister" and the Mayor, respectively, to the coupons may be affixed by printed, stamped or lithographed fac-simile.

4. The work of construction shall be placed in charge of a competent engineer or engineers selected by the Company, and approved of in writing by the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works on behalf of the Government, and by the Mayor of the City of Victoria on behalf of the Corporation, and the Company may remove such engineer at pleasure and appoint another engineer, subject also to the same approval.

5. The aforesaid bonds, when issued, shall be handed by the Company to the "Minister," who shall have them duly noted in a book to be kept for that purpose, and immediately upon completion of such noting he shall deposit the bonds in one of the charter banks carrying on business in Victoria, to be approved by the parties thereto.

6. The Company shall negotiate the sale of their said bonds as soon as possible after their issue, having due regard in disposing of them to the best advantage, and may, with the approval of the Minister and Corporation, employ such agent or agents as they may deem proper.

7. The proceeds of the sale from time to time of the said bonds shall be deposited in one or more chartered banks in the City of Victoria at interest to a special account in the name of the said Railway Company, and shall be drawn out by cheques of the Railway Company, but no such cheques shall be paid by such bank unless attached thereto is a certificate of the engineer of the said Railway for the time being, countersigned by the City Engineer and by the Surveyor General of the Province, specifying the nature and character of the work, supplies, materials or other expenditure for which such cheque is given, and such certificates shall be retained by such bank.

8. All moneys paid by the Government of British Columbia and the Corporation respectively in respect of the aforesaid guarantees shall be considered as a debt due from the Company to the said Government and Corporation respectively, and shall be taken and considered and are hereby made a charge upon the undertaking, and the tolls and the property of the Company real and personal now existing or any time hereafter acquired, and the Minister of Finance and Agriculture for the time being shall be held and deemed to be a mortgagee or incumbrancer upon the said property in trust nevertheless as to two-fifths thereof for the Government of British Columbia and as to three-fifths in trust for the Corporation.

9. The company shall upon demand made by the said Minister execute to him a legal mortgage of all the aforesaid property of the Company as security for the repayment of all moneys paid by the said Government and Corporation respectively in respect of the said guarantees and the costs, charges and expenses they may be respectively put to, or incur in connection therewith, and the said Minister shall hold the said Mortgage and all other securities, if any, of the Company which may come into his hands and the moneys thereby secured in the proportion and upon the trust hereinbefore mentioned and declared, and which said mortgage shall contain all the covenants, powers and conditions usually inserted in mortgages of real and personal property together with the additional power of sale in default of the Company operating their said Railway for a period of three months, whilst any moneys shall be owing by the Company to the Government or Corporation respectively in respect of the said guarantees.

10. The said Company hereby agree to complete their said Railway on or before the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, and thereafter to continually maintain and operate the same so long as any of their said bonds shall remain unredeemed within the said period of twenty-five years.

11. Provided always that Chinese shall not be employed in the construction of the said railway, and provided also that in case a by-law to ratify this agreement on the part of the Corporation shall not be submitted within sixty days from the date hereof for the vote of the ratepayers, under section one hundred and eleven of the said Municipal Act, 1892, or if such by-law shall be submitted and shall be defeated at the polls, or shall not be carried, then, and in such case, this agreement and everything herein contained shall be void and of no effect.

12. The Company shall not pay any dividends to any shareholder, or other person, so long as any moneys remain due or owing to the said Government or the Corporation of the City of Victoria, in respect of the said guarantee.

13. The books of the Company shall be open to the inspection of any person authorized to inspect the same by either the said Government or the Corporation of the City of Victoria, at all times.

14. The Company shall operate and run over the said line of railway when constructed at least one train each way per diem (Sundays excepted) for the whole length of the railway.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Victoria & Sidney Railway Company and the Corporation of the City of Victoria have hereunto respectively set their corporate seals, and the said Minister has set his hand and seal the day and year first above written.

JULIUS BRETHOUR,
President.

[L. S.] ROBERT IRVING,
Secretary Victoria & Sidney Railway Company.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor of the City of Victoria. [L. S.]

J. H. TURNER,
Minister of Finance and Agriculture.

Passed the Municipal Council the 5th day of July, A. D. 1892.

TAKE NOTICE

That the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Burnes' building, Bastion Square, for the Centre Ward; at the City Hall, corner of Pandora and Douglas streets, for the North Ward; and at a building situated on the east side of Government street, between Broughton and Courtenay streets, and known as No. 27, for the South Ward, in the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the twentieth day of July instant, and that the poll will be kept open between the hours of eight o'clock, a. m. and four p. m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., July 7th, 1892.

THE
Recognized Standard Brands:

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

5 STORE STREET,

Have the following very desirable properties for sale on terms to suit. Sure to turn out first-class investments.

100 acres, only $25 per acre; easy terms, 7 per cent. interest.
100 acres, only $45 per acre; with good cottage; 20 acres under cultivation.
100 acres, only $75 per acre.
50 acres, only $50 per acre.
100 acres, only $50 per acre.
8 acres, only $500 per acre; cleared; splendid soil and position.
9½ acres, only $425 per acre.
9 acres, only $425 per acre.
1 cottage, Victoria West, $800; easy terms.
1 house, Victoria West, $1050; easy terms.
1 house, Oak Bay avenue, $1600; $600 cash balance on mortgage (snap).
3 lots Fowl Bay, close to tram, cheap.
1 lot, splendid building site, Richardson street, $2000.

City of Victoria, British Columbia.

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES.

SEALED TENDERS, endorsed "Tenders for Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before Saturday, the 20th August, 1892, at 4 p.m., for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B.C., amounting to $185,000 or thereabouts, in sums of $2000 each, payable in 25 years from date of issue, and bearing interest at 5 per centum per annum with principal and interest payable in currency either in Montreal, Canada, or New York, U.S.A.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The City of Victoria Act, 1892."

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

(Signed) WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., July 13th, 1892. jy14

NOTICE.

The semi-annual general meeting of the members of the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's hall, Broad street, at 8 p.m. on Friday, the 22nd July, 1892.

BUSINESS:

Receiving reports of Board of Directors, Secretary and Treasurer, and holding the 59th drawing for an appropriation.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order.

jy15-td B. WILLIAMS, Sec'y.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to noon, Tuesday, 26th inst., for the erection of a two-story frame residence facing Esquimalt road, adjoining the residence of Commander Jones, R.N.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE,
Architect.

16th July, 1892.
(Morning papers copy.)

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, three lines or under, two insertions, FREE. This applies only to men or women, boys or girls, looking for situations.

YOUNG English widow (of good family) desires engagement as housekeeper. Educated, musical, domesticated, cheerful disposition. Highest references. Address, Mrs. C., TIMES office. jy18-4t

WANTED—A situation as working housekeeper for gentlemen, by a respectable person. Address "Erin," TIMES office. jy13-4t

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WIFE WANTED—A farmer, German by birth, and 35 years of age, would be pleased to hear from a young woman, about 30 years of age, with a view to matrimony. Address C. Hansen, TIMES office. jy18-2w

WANTED AT ONCE—A sloop, about 4 tons, to hire for one or two months. Address "Sloop," this office. jy14-1w

WANTED—To borrow two buggy horses for two months; keep for work, also two buggies. H. C. TIMES office. jy12-tf

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A servant girl. Apply at 53 Frederick street. je17-tf

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR RENT—Nos. 73 and 75 Pembroke street (five-roomed houses), $15 per month; 35 and 43 Chatham street, near Government (six-roomed, modern improvements), $16; 12 Herald street, near Government (five-roomed), $12; Turner street, Rock Bay (five-roomed, new), $12. Apply 21 Queen's Avenue. jy7-2w

TO LET—Comfortable bedrooms, with partial board (breakfast and late dinner). Bathroom. Car passes the door. 127 Menzies street. je29-1m

"THE WILSON," 99 Yates Street—Will be occupied July 1. Fine offices on first floor in suites or single. Suites of three or four for housekeeping, furnished, or unfurnished. Furnished suites and single rooms. Terms on application to W. K. Tullock, 99 Douglas street, Room 6. je-24-1m

TO LET—With immediate possession, a furnished house with over two acres of land situated on Rockland Avenue, Belcher street. Good stables and garden. Apply to Alan S. Dumbleton, P. O. box 585. m29-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

LOST—Last evening, a lady's gold watch, on one of the following streets:—On Blanchard from Johnson to Yates, or on Yates from Blanchard to Cook. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at TIMES office. jy7-tf

A SMALL SILVER WATCH. No. 37,753, with short gold Albert chain. Menzies street near the beach. Reward. J.L.S., P.O. Box 95. je27

LOST—An English pug dog, answering to the name of "Blaine." Any person returning same to 238 Yates street will be suitably rewarded. F. G. Richards, Jr. je-21-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—Furnishings of a commodious and desirable hotel. Apply to Weiler Bros., 55 Fort street. jy13

FOR SALE—Dairy farm, situated 300 yards southwest of Mission city bridge, containing 244 acres of Matsqui prairie dyked land; 175 acres of beautiful grass, a few clumps of graceful cotton-wood, with a charming frontage of three-quarters of a mile on Fraser river, the back land within fifteen feet of C. P. R. and Seattle railroad flag station. Must be sold. Apply to Wm. Andean, upper Pandora ave., Victoria. j25-1m

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. T. WATT,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office and residence No. 36½ Douglas street (near Fort), Dr. Milne's old residence.
May 19-d&w-tf

DOCTOR MacGILLIS,
45 Yates Street.
SPECIALIST:—Skin, Kidney and Private Diseases. june 30lm

H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M.
SPECIALTY:—Diseases of Women and Diseases of the Rectum.
Office with Dr. Frank Hall, Beiard Block, 60 Douglas street. Residence corner of Pandora and Fernwood Road. Office telephone 420. Residence telephone, 181.

DR G. L. MILNE,
OFFICE—36 DOUGLAS STREET.
Telephone at office, No. 16.
Telephone at residence, No. 208. my28

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to p.m only except ng Sunday and holidays.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan24y

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
W. C. WINDEBANK,
Pianoforte Tuner from Broadwood's, London, England, 30 years' experience. VOCAL HUMORIST. ENTERTAINMENTS given and attended. Satisfaction guaranteed, 45 Blanchard street.
TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC.
Those who sing a little now,
Soon sing a little more. je17

PIANOFORTE TUNING AND REPAIRING
By a competent person from the leading manufacturers in the United States.
City references:—All the music stores, where orders may be left.
je9-3m JAMES SHERIDAN.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422. m14-tf

C. P. N. COMPANY, L'D.

UNTIL further notice the steamer for Vancouver will leave at 7 a.m. sharp.
JOHN IRVING,
jy15 Manager.

Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

200 CASES
Ripe, Rich,
Champagne Apple Cider
Ready at
FALCONER'S VICTORIA VINEGAR WORKS

SIMON LEISER
IMPORTER
And Wholesale Grocer.

The Finest FAMILY Grocery Establishment in B.C. is that of
HENRY SAUNDERS
59 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.
Give him a call and inspect his well selected stock of Fine Groceries and Table Luxuries.

S. SHORE
DEALER IN
Hardware, Cutlery, Builders' Material
Guns, Ammunition, Whips.
45 JOHNSON ST.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Cohen's Printing Office
38 FORT STREET.

OSBORNE HOUSE
TEMPERANCE HOTEL.
Corner Pandora and Blanchard Streets.
34 Large and Airy Rooms.
Board and Lodging, $5 per week, or $1 per day. Day Board, $4 per week.
C. W. MONK, - - - PROPRIETOR.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT
that your advertisement is not
IN THE TIMES?

Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co.
EWEN MORRISON, MANAGER.
Manufacturers of all kinds of rough and dressed
CEDAR AND FIR LUMBER.
Rustic, Shiplap, Flooring, Mouldings, Laths, Shingles, Pickets, etc., kept in stock or cut to order.
Yard: Discovery St., bet. Store & Government
VICTORIA, B.C.
Address all communications to Post-office Box 298.

A. BUTCHER & CO.
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS
95 Douglas St., two doors from Johnson.
Our celebrated Cabinet Photographs are known and appreciated everywhere. $3 per dozen. Accurate likeness. Artistic finish.

LEWIS HALL, D.D.S.
DENTIST.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.
SPECIALTY:—Administration of Gas or Ether for painless extraction of teeth.
HOURS:—9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
OFFICE:—Corner Yates and Douglas.

SOCIETIES.

ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE—Victoria Council No. 2, R. T. of T., meets every Monday night in the Pandora Temperance Hall, at 8 p.m. Visiting members welcome.
Select Degree meets 1st Wednesday in each month. A. H. MATTHEW.
G. SUTHERLAND, S.C. ap12 R. Sec.

I. O. G. T. PERSEVERANCE LODGE, No. 1, I.O.G.T., meets every Tuesday evening in Temperance Hall, Pandora avenue, at 7:30 o'clock. my17

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 d. A BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 130, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY.
1-1y Scribe E.

ARWEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER.
oct9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jul8

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale. e22-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
jy14 137 Cormorant Street.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 50. e28

DR. YEN KEE,
Physician and Surgeon.
HAS cured many cases of smallpox. In China, where there is smallpox every year, cures are easily effected at the commencement. Do not delay to consult me. Fisgard street, opposite the church. jy14-1m

THE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.
R. H. BERRYMAN, Proprietor.
Nice clean rooms, best of board, well stocked bar; rates low; special rates made to families. Strangers in the city will find this a comfortable, homelike house to stop at. No pains spared to give satisfaction. jy15-tf

Prevention is better than cure. Penderay's Carbolic soap is a pleasant disinfectant. *

EDMONTON FRUIT FARM.
This celebrated Fruit still for sale
—AT—
MRS. P. WILSON'S, 185 Douglas St.
Large Ripe Red Currants.
Fresh Juicy White Currants.
Luscious Rare Black Currants.
Fine White and Red Raspberries.
And other Fruits equally cheap.

ORGAN, PIANO & SINGING LESSONS
50 cents an hour.
Oil Painting, Crayon, &c.
25 cents an hour.
Mrs. Bridges, No. 196 View Street,
Will take a few pupils on these terms.
The house is disinfected and away from the town. jy13-1w

JOSEPH SEARS
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c.
414 YATES STREET

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P.O. BOX 683.

NEAT, CLEAN
Furnished Rooms
By day, week or month
AT CROMWELL HOUSE
103½ Government St.
Terms from $6 per month.
je16 MRS. DOW, Proprietress.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - - Manager.

Save Money
Save Time
Save Trouble
By leaving your orders for repairs, alterations, or any other carpenter work with
J. P. Burgess,
10 Broughton St.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner Block
ap27

—THE—
VICTORIA SUIT CLUB
28½ BROAD STREET,
Invite You to Examine Their Goods.
Thorough workmanship guaranteed.
F. W. WINN - - - Manager
je22-1m

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $1.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 75 cents for each insertion and pro rata for more space or longer time.
A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.
NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

THE M'KAY CASE.

The morning papers make feeble attempts to place the TIMES in the wrong in connection with the removal of Daniel McKay to the smallpox hospital, but their efforts have simply resulted in proving that the TIMES' statements were substantially correct. Disputing the accuracy of a few minor details does not remove the main facts of the case. The small minds of the Government organs delight in contentions over trifles, and they are quite at liberty thus to follow their natural bent, but they do neither themselves nor their masters any good by their petty quibbling. The TIMES in referring to this unfortunate matter has no wish to create prejudice against the provincial authorities or their officers—far from it. We have in view the cause of humanity and the desirability of securing complete public confidence in the methods pursued by the authorities in eradicating the smallpox. It may be true that Daniel McKay would have died if he had been left alone; but even so, the situation is not so dangerous as to require the removal of a dying man from a properly quarantined house. But Dr. Crompton says, and we are bound to accept his opinion, that the young man would have had a chance to recover if left in his bed for a few days. Under the circumstances, therefore, this removal was a serious mistake, and it is with the view of avoiding a repetition of the mistake that the TIMES has given prominence to the case. The affair has left a bad impression on the public mind, an impression that will not, unfortunately, be removed by any amount of prevarication on the part of the morning organ-grinders.

VANCOUVER LIARS.

The ingenuity of the Vancouver liars is truly marvellous. One day last week the World published a statement to the effect that smallpox had been introduced into Victoria with the cargo of the Phra Nang. This was an unmitigated falsehood, concocted for the purpose of injuring the trade of Victoria and the business of the new line of steamships. The World's mendacity was exposed in these columns, and in its own issue of Friday appeared a letter from Mr. E. E. Blackwood thoroughly refuting its vindictive libel. Now look at the World's answer to this letter:—

Fortunately for the World it has means for ascertaining exactly what the general impression in Victoria is concerning the malady and its origin. Mr. Blackwood, it will be observed, does not state that the impression is general in Victoria that the origin of the outbreak is traceable to the goods brought by the vessel we have named. It makes little difference to this journal what Mr. Blackwood, the Colonist or others of this ilk may have to say concerning us, we will continue to state what we believe to be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, in connection with smallpox or any other malady or trouble which physically, socially or politically affects the well-being of the community, regardless of section, class or creed. That the opinion as referred to in the World is general in Victoria the following dispatch in the Telegram of this morning sent by a person who knew whereof he spoke, will testify:

VICTORIA, July 14—[Special].—There is no doubt whatever entertained here, now; that the smallpox at present ravaging the city, was introduced in the cargo of sugar landed here by the steamer Phra Nang from Hongkong. Every stevedore that helped to discharge the sugar is down with the disease, as also was Mr. Brown, the grocer, who handled most of it. These facts set at rest all speculation as to the introduction and sudden spread of the pestilence. A strong feeling prevails, in consequence, that no more Chinese sugar should, under any circumstances, in the future, be admitted into any port in the province.

What richness there is in this will be well understood when it is kept in mind that the Telegram's "special" never emanated from this city, but was concocted in the Telegram office, and was based on the World's lying statements, to which Mr. Blackwood alluded. In other words the World knew that the Telegram's "special" was only its own falsehood done up in another form, and yet the World produced it as corroboration of that falsehood. It would be safe to challenge any man to crowd more lies into the same space than appear in the Telegram's "special." In the first place the Phra Nang brought no sugar for Victoria. Secondly no person in Victoria believes that infection was brought here by the Phra Nang, for all know that it came by the way of Vancouver. Thirdly, not one stevedore who helped to unload the Phra Nang has caught the smallpox. Fourthly, Mr. Brown, the grocer, did not handle one pound of goods that came by the Phra Nang. And, lastly, there is no feeling here against Chinese sugar, since Chinese sugar had nothing to do with the outbreak. It is plainly apparent that the whole string of falsehoods was invented for the purpose of leading up to this final falsehood, and that in the interest of the Vancouver sugar refinery. We may say that the managers of that institution will profit nothing thereby, for most assuredly the indignation of Victorians at this base attempt to injure the trade of their port will not fail to react on the refinery as well as on the authors of the malicious libel. The World and the Telegram are free to back each other up in inventing falsehoods intended to injure Victoria, but they need not expect to gain anything by the operation. And for goodness' sake, let this pair of sneaking hypocrites cease snivelling about their pretended "sympathy with Victoria in her affliction," while they are thus endeavoring to do her all the harm that their puny strength will permit.

THE RAILWAY BY-LAW.

Voting on the Sydney railway by-law will take place on Wednesday, 20th inst. The by-law has been published in the TIMES for the past week, and no doubt has been carefully studied by the real estate owners, who are the parties whose approval is required to make it law. It provides for a guarantee by the city of three per cent. interest on $300,000. The company has already secured a Government guarantee of two per cent. With a guarantee of five per cent. it is proposed to build the line. The proposition is an important one, and but for a question of more absorbing interest that has engaged the attention of the public for a couple of weeks it would undoubtedly have received more consideration than has yet been given to it. Our readers are advised to carefully read the by-law, and to weigh the advantages of the proposed railway and the possibilities of the city having to pay the interest on the bonds, in order that they may vote intelligently.

ABOUT VACCINE.

A few days ago, the TIMES in speaking of the efforts of anti-vaccinationists to create a prejudice against vaccination used this argument: "It should be kept in mind that vaccination to-day is not done by transferring lymph from one person to another. Modern science has improved on ancient methods in this as well as in other matters, and there is scarcely any danger of being inoculated with other diseases, pure vaccine lymph being used." The great argument of the anti-vaccinationists of the earlier days was that with the lymph those subjected to vaccination might receive the germs of certain loathsome blood diseases, and the best medical authorities agree that there is some danger of this occurring when humanized lymph is used. In the old days the risk was reduced as much as possible by the selection of healthy and pure-blooded children from whom to procure the virus, but with the exercise of every care there might be some danger of transferring disease along with the lymph. This is almost completely obviated by the modern method of using only bovine vaccine, for it is a well established fact that the most loathsome and most dreaded diseases of which the anti-vaccinationists speak are not found in the lower animals. The bovine lymph is very much safer than that from a human arm, and we have no hesitation in advising people to require that no other be used on them. It is no doubt the case that most of the points imported here at the commencement of the outbreak were old ones that had been lying for some time in the Sound and Mainland cities. Of late, however, fresh and effective points have been brought direct from the vaccine farms in the States, and to-day or to-morrow a consignment will arrive from the farm kept by the Ontario Board of Health. All these, we believe, may be depended on.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Dr. Watt, it appears, will not have a walk-over in Cariboo. Mr. William Morrison, of 134-Mile House, has declared himself a candidate. The contest, we are informed, will likely be waged on local lines. Mr. Morrison is a well-known rancher, who sat in the second legislature after Confederation for Lillooet.

A CORRECTION.

TO THE EDITOR:—In your issue of Saturday evening there appears an item to the effect that one of the men who had been nursing the late Mr. Waitt had the effrontery to board a Fort street car, just after coming from the sick room; and, as so many false and utterly unfounded reports have been circulated since the death of this gentleman, I cannot allow this one to go abroad without a few remarks. I wish to say that the item referred to above has no truth whatever in it, as the man who was called in to nurse the late Mr. Waitt only a few hours before his death, has never been outside the house, and is still in quarantine with the other inmates at the family residence. I think it very strange that the press of this city should publish such items, when their reporters by taking a little extra trouble, could very easily ascertain whether there was any truth in them or not, and I consider that such items as the one to which I now refer, go a long way towards increasing the alarm occasioned by this unfortunate epidemic.

I also wish to flatly contradict the uncalled for report with reference to the late Mr. Waitt getting up and having a bath a few hours before his death, as he had the most careful nursing by his wife and special nurses, and was never out of his bed from the time he was taken down with the disease, on the Monday before he died.

In conclusion I wish to remark that, had all the other houses where there has been smallpox, been as conscientiously guarded as the late Mr. Waitt's there would be fewer cases in the city at the present time.

Yours very truly, H. KENT.

HUMANIZED LYMPH.

TO THE EDITOR:—Under the heading of "Successful Vaccination" I find arm-to-arm vaccination recommended under present conditions by several of our physicians in this morning's Colonist. The following article in the Medical News of May 14, 1892, page 537, shows the dangers of this and the reasons of its being a abandoned and also explains the horror the public have of vaccination in that way:

"The employment of humanized virus is now nearly obsolete in this country, though some practitioners still cling to its use and claim that the crust is more reliable and rapid than either the liquid or the dried animal lymph. One advantage may be imputed to the rapid action of the humanized lymph, and that is its ability to overtake and counteract variolus infection even when the latter has been at work two or three days. On the contrary, the crust stands convicted of two serious drawbacks. It is liable to occasion septicæmia (blood poisoning) or to transmit syphilis. It is also probable that this material is capable of progagating scrofulo-tuberculosis. Bovine lymph is free from these serious objections and certainly is efficient in preventing contagion."

I admit that they "select" their cases, but all physicians know the difficulty that surrounds this even with the greatest precautions. The only fault of the bovine lymph has been its age, and as there was a premium on it here it was sold independent of age. If got direct from the east it is perfectly reliable and you have an absolutely safe and effecient protection against variola.

H. D. LEITCH, M.D.

VICTORIA & SAANICH RAILWAY COMPANY BY-LAW.

TO THE EDITOR:—Before deciding how to vote next Wednesday on the $300,000 guarantee asked for by this company I think taxpayers will do well to consider the present financial condition and the most pressing needs of Victoria, and ask themselves if they are acting in their own interests and in those of this city by assuming this additional liability. Like many other places in the Dominion, Victoria has during recent years borrowed largely. Whilst the money was being spent in some cases wisely and judiciously, in other cases recklessly and unprofitably, we had flush times which encouraged speculation and inflated property. Now we have the usual spendthrift's after experience. The money has disappeared and the debt remains. What property owners now have to face are taxes three or four times heavier than they were five years ago and the value of real estate falling. For a place containing about 20,000 people one would suppose that an annual revenue of one-third of a million of dollars managed with ordinary business ability should be ample for all municipal requirements. What, however, is the disagreeable fact? After paying salaries, maintenance of fire department, police force and unavoidable sundries, the interest and sinking fund of the city's present debt absorbs what remains, so that heavily taxed as we are the aldermen bluntly tell us when we ask for needed improvements, that if we want roads and sidewalks we must make them at our own expense; if we want sewer connection we must pay for it (this will cost over $100,000); if we want better water and more of it, or the city better lighted, or the sewer system completed we must borrow in all about a million dollars additional and make up our minds to bear extra taxation to provide interest and sinking fund.

There are also the unlooked for heavy expenses arising from the smallpox outbreak to be paid somehow, and as the municipal estimates of revenue and expenditure show no surplus available for this purpose, it is evident that this year's tax rate will be the highest the law allows. As for the assessed valuations of property, I find the assessor has maintained the high figures of last year, although everybody knows that property cannot be sold at the prices at which it is assessed. Some taxpayers may not know that two or three months ago an additional debt of $180,000 upon the property of citizens was sanctioned by the Legislature without our consent, to make good the illegal and unprovided expenditure of former years. Advertisements for the sale of bonds for this amount are now in the newspapers. The interest and sinking fund for this additional burden will next year have to be raised. With the present scarcity of money and depression in business, with the present necessity for improving the water supply and completing the sewer system, (work on which is almost at a standstill for want of funds) so as to make Victoria a healthy city, it is a scandal and an outrage for such a by-law as this $300,000 guarantee for a private company, got up for money making purposes, to be given precedence by our aldermen of such necessities as sewers, streets, and good administration.

This by-law should be voted down. After the imperative wants of the city are satisfied, if money can be spared for any railway purposes, let it be for the Canada Western, which will give us transcontinental connection, and make of Victoria a leading city.

Yours respectfully,
COMMON SENSE.

STILL MORE ENCOURAGING.

Continued from page 1.)

steamer again, so the boat had to go out without a pilot.

The Provincial Public Vaccinators.

The following notice has been posted upon the door of the physician whose signature is appended:

NOTICE.

SUSPENSION OF PROVINCIAL PUBLIC VACCINATION.

On and after Monday, July 18th, 1892, all unvaccinated persons, and those unable to pay will be vaccinated free. Others will be charged the usual office fee of $2.50. Hours of vaccination 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. EDWARD HASELL, Provincial Public Vaccinator

Will Quarantine the Wind Next.

Consul Myers, like a good many other citizens, considers that the Puget Sound health board are making themselves look foolish in trying to quarantine Victoria. He does not object to precautions being taken, but he considers that they are going a little too far. A few days ago he received two bags of mail from the U. S. warships in Behring sea. He applied to the Sound authorities for a permit to send the mails over. To this he received no answer, his request having evidently been refused. The purser of the Umatilla took the mail to San Francisco without asking any questions. "They will be quarantining the northwest winds next thing we know," remarked the consul.

General Notes.

Ald. Styles wishes the rumor regarding their being smallpox in his household emphatically contradicted.

Court Vancouver, A.O.F., has postponed its regular meeting till the first Monday in August.

In the health officer's report pub- in the TIMES Saturday the statement that the colored man discovered and quarantined had been ill with the disease a few weeks should read a few days.

Arm-to-arm versus bovine lymph vaccination is a question that is disturbing the medical mind at present. The former method is condemned by the best medical authorities.

Hon. F. G. Vernon, chief commissioner of Lands and Works and Mr Herbert Lillie, the Douglas street confectioner, are almost recovered from their attack of smallpox.

There were no cases in the city this morning, all having been removed since Saturday night.

MOVE TO COMMIT MAYOR COPE.

TO THE EDITOR:—There is a very short way of telling whether the Vancouver city by-law is a breach of the injunction. Let the Attorney-General or the C.P.N. Co. move to commit the mayor and corporation for contempt of court. Why should passengers be put to the trouble of seeking a writ of habeas corpus (on which costs are seldom given)? It is all very well for the Attorney-General to sit upstairs in Bastion street uttering words "full of sound and fury, signifying nothing," and for his brother the newly fledged health officer, to frolic in keen sarcasms at the Dominion authorities. Meanwhile the mayor and corporation of Vancouver City are arresting law-abiding citizens, no one saying them nay. Where is the advisor of the Belyea commission? The great foe of medical uncleanness? Shutting his eyes because the wrong-doer is a powerful corporation.

ONE LAW FOR ALL.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

W. H. Ellis, of the Colonist, returned from the mainland last evening.

Mrs. Mugridge and her guests, of the Revere house, have removed to the Austin residence on the Craigflower road.

Happy Without Bread.

"The cattle herders of the Argentine Republic are perhaps the only civilized people on the globe who eat no bread," said George J. Giddings, of New Orleans. "I was sent to that country a year ago by an English syndicate to buy cattle for the London market. I penetrated 700 miles into the interior and for months lived among the rural folk. They are the happiest, gentlest and most hospitable people I ever saw. Their habits are frugal, though not especially energetic, and their mode of life is primative but clean and virtuous. The natives, for the most part, live in little mud huts. They subsist entirely on dried beaf and tea made from a native herb leaf. When they want meat they kill a beaf on the pampas, and, after skinning and cleaning him, hang the carcase up to dry in the blazing sun. After thus exposing it to the sun for two days the meat is then in prime condition for the Argentinian palate after it is cooked. A great thick hulk of it is sliced off the neck or sides and, impaled on a wooden fork, is held over a flame until it quits sizzling and crackling. Then a bountiful supply of salt and red pepper is sprinkled over the meat, a little grease and water are poured over it and you have a dish fit for the gods, when the tea is drawn and ready to go with it. The better class of natives usually keep a small supply of coarse corn meal in their houses with which to make bread for distinguished guests, but they never eat any of this bread themselves nor do they seem to care for it."—Globe-Democrat.

Open for Traffic.

Point Ellice bridge will be open for traffic this evening. The work which has been done upon it is of the most substantial kind, making the bridge practically as good as new.

Fresh Vaccine.

Just received a consignment of fresh vaccine. Bowes & Co., 27 Johnson street. Headquarters for disinfectants. Telephone 425.

Mothers

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents. *

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

Sheffield cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Newcombe Pianos.

Tone pure, sweet, brilliant, powerful. Kerr & Begg, 45 Government street. *

Smallpox.

Disinfectants of all kinds may be obtained at Geo. Morison's, 55 Government street. Pocket preventatives a specialty. *

Meet To-Morrow Evening.

A meeting of the directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, the Premier, the mayor and council and the city and provincial health officers will be held at the City Hall to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Presbytery and Synod.

The Victoria members of the Presbytery and Synod of British Columbia, will go up to-morrow and be present at the meeting of these church courts, unless, of course, prevented from landing by the civic authorities at Vancouver.

For the South.

The steamer Umatilla sailed for San Francisco yesterday afternoon with the following passengers from Victoria: J. H. Simpson and wife, H. J. Cox and wife, R. Cox, A. C. Gay, W. H. Anderson and wife, F. A. Roper, A. A. Robertson and Miss E. Winston.

Pork and Beef.

Yesterday the Yosemite brought over 100 hogs and 25 head of cattle for the B. C. Cattle Company. The hogs were shipped from Toronto, Ont., and notwithstanding their long travel, were in good condition. The cattle were brought from the Similkameen ranges and were prime beeves.

Cariboo Election.

SODA CREEK, July 18.—Wm. Morrison, of Alexandria, has announced himself as a candidate for election in Cariboo. Mr. Morrison is a large rancher, and a resident of the Southern portion of the district. He has run several elections, some successfully and some unsucessfully.

No Definite News.

The relatives of Mr. Moss on Saturday received a telegram from Marcus, Wash., stating that Mr. Moss had left that place for home on the the 25th of June. Since then nothing has been heard of him. Mr. C. Miller left on Saturday evening for Marcus to try and find some trace of Mr. Moss.

New Lager Beer.

The Phœnix Brewing Company today placed on the market their first brew of lager beer. The beer is sure to meet with favor, and will no doubt soon take the place of that imported from the Sound cities. Mr. Vanelman, a gentleman who has several years' experience in a large Staten Island brewery, has been given the management of the new brewery.

At the Police Court.

Tim Daly was up before the police court this morning charged with creating a disturbance on Yates street, Saturday night by fighting with George Jackson. A charge was also preferred against the latter. It was shown that Daly was the aggressor, and he was fined $10 or one month in default. As it was Jackson's first appearance and he had been attacked by Daly, he was discharged with a caution.

Enjoying Camp Life.

The Arm and its environments were peopled on Saturday afternoon and both the lacrosse boys' retreat and the canoeists' camp had numerous visitors, many of whom were ladies. A party of young ladies numbering a dozen called at one of the camps and left the boys a supply of cakes, pies, preserves, etc., and of course in return were entertained at dinner, and were invited to call again. Numerous sports, meals and dishwashings keep the campers on the continual move.

The Archdeacon's Opinion.

On Sunday morning Archdeacon Scriven delivered a short but practical sermon on the smallpox visitation. He urged his hearers to be vaccinated and to see that those over whom they had control and influence were vaccinated too. With regard to the circulator of the pamphlet against vaccination the Archdeacon said he should be visited with the utmost rigor of the law, and if there was no law covering the case one should be enacted as speedily as possible.

For Alaska.

The steamer Islander, Captain John Irving, will leave for Alaska via Vancouver to-morrow morning at 2 o'clock. The following passengers will go up: John Martin, F. Fitzhugh, W. Lillet and wife, Raymond party of five, Mr. Bloomfield, Mr. Webb and party of three, Sir Frederick Franklin, J. D. Frye, Lambert Sydall, Stewart party, Waitte party of eight, H. Bell-Irving, Miss Bell-Irving, Major Berrett, Capt. Dumbleton, Dr. A. W. Phillip, Miss M. Lee, Judge Vowell, A. H. Bridgman and others. She has a good load of freight for northern points.

From the Orient.

The Steamer Loo Sok, of the N.P.R. line, arrived from the Orient last night at 10 o'clock. She brought 43 Chinese passengers and 1478 tons of freight. She has 1300 tons of freight for the eastern cities. The Sok left Yokohama on the 2nd of July and had moderate weather across the Pacific. None of the officers or crew of the boat were allowed to land here, nor was anyone allowed to board the steamer, a Puget Sound health officer being aboard her. The freight and passengers were passed over the side. Capt. Gatter and the U. S. custom officers who spent Saturday night and Sunday on a pile driver, were taken aboard the Loo Sok for the Sound. They were glad to be released.

A Sudden Stop.

This afternoon J. Mitchell's team attached to a democrat wagon ran away from the rear of his shop and had a lively run for a time. They went down Cormorant street distributing some slaughter refuse as they went, traveling so fast that they could not make the turn at Store street successfully and straddled a telephone pole in front of the Janion hotel. The tongue of the vehicle struck the pole and together with the neck yoke was smashed in pieces, while both horses were thrown heavily—one on the ground and the other on the pavement. After disentangling the team from the harness and wreck of the wagon they were persuaded to get up, and appeared quite contented to stand. The horses miraculously escaped serious injury.

Complied With the Law.

The proprietors of the Oriental Hotel have placed a board across Oriental Alley with a notification that no one will be admitted painted on it. This is only done to prevent the city claiming the alley way, which is private property. The law says a roadway must be closed twice a year if a private individual wishes to hold possession of it.

Little Fire Bugs.

W. J. Deasy of the fire department reports that he to-day found out that two small boys named Cole and Irvine were the authors of the grass fire at Spring Ridge a fews days ago. He did not ascertain, however, who started the same kind of fire to-day, which the brigade was called out to extinguish. The parents of these boys should give their sons a warming, and make them feel that it is not necessary or advisable for them to kindle any more of these fires.

Cold, But Had to Stand It.

Pilot Gatter and a U.S. custom house official spent a pleasant evening on a pile driver at the outer dock on Saturday night. They took the steamer Batavia from the Sound to Nanaimo, and coming down here intended to meet the Loo Soo in the straits. The latter steamer, however, was not in sight, so they applied for a passage to Port Townsend on the North Pacific. They had not been on the dock here and in addition they had an order from the United States Custom house stating that any steamer carrying them would not be quarantined. But Captain Clements would have nothing to do with anyone from Victoria, so Captain Gatter and his friend had to take lodgings on the pile driver until the Loo Soo arrived. A crowd on the wharf kept the couple company for some time, telling them about the good things to be obtained "up town." Capt. Gatter got mad, but it did him no good, as if he had put his foot on the dock he would have been a prisoner here until the quarantine was lifted.

OVER THE WATER.

Two Young Men Take a Small Boat and Start for the American Side.

On Friday two young men called at the "Old Ferry" boat house and engaged a double scull boat, ostensibly to take a row up the Gorge. They went up a little piece, but a short time afterwards were noticed pulling out of the harbor. They evidently started across the Straits for Port Angeles, and they never came back. The owner of the boat is anxious to know what became of the young men and his property. The boat was safe enough to cross with if properly handled, and it is probable they reached the other side all right.

One of the men is said to be Joe Meyers, of North Seattle, and his companion was also an American, and had been in the city for several months, but his name is not known. The police have not been notified of the loss, but several parties have stated that they will make inquiries on the other side about the missing craft and the men.

FROM LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

The Bark Martha Fisher Arrives in Royal Roads Yesterday.

The British bark Martha Fisher, Capt. Meadowcraft, arrived in Royal Roads yesterday, 142 days from Liverpool, with a general cargo, consigned to K. P. Rithet & Co., of this city. She has a few tons for Vancouver and New Westminster, most of her freight being for Victoria merchants. She will commence discharging immediately.

The Martha Fisher left Liverpool on the 27th of February. She had easterly winds until she reached 39 N. where a W.N.W. gale was encountered. She got the trades in 29 N., and crossed the line in 30 W., 22 days out. She had S.W. by W. winds down to the Horn. Staten Island was passed on the 29th of April, 62 days out. A moderate gale took the vessel to 57 in the Pacific, and she had W. S.W. and W. winds to 29 S. The line was crossed 101 days out. The N.E. trade winds were met in 11 N., and the vessel was becalmed for five days, something very unusual. She had N.N.E. winds to 42 N. 145 W., when S.E. winds were met which brought her into Flattery on Saturday night.

The Fisher has been chartered to load salmon for the United Kingdom.

NOT A SUCCESS.

The Alaska Guano Did Not Find Favor in the Old Country.

The owners of the bark Martha Fisher last year being unable to get a return cargo at this port, decided to take a load of Alaska guano to England, thinking it would be sold as easily as the guano obtained from the southern islands. The bark was loaded and arrived in England, but the guano did not meet with favor, as had been expected. In fact from what Captain Meadowcraft says the experiment was far from a success. He was not in command of the bark at the time but he was present when the hatches were lifted. That settled him in the guano business. The smell, he says, would cure the influenza with one sniff.

After the cargo had been discharged no one cared to handle it and when the Martha Fisher left Liverpool last February it was still in a heap and was for sale at the purchaser's price.

Even if the guano had been sold there would not have been much profit left for the owners, as after the bark was discharged it took the crew a couple of months to clean her. She had to be cleaned and painted before she could be reloaded.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

Try the Boston cream toast, at the Dairy Kitchen. *

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

THE GUN.

After three ties with Minor, F. S. Maclure won the silver medal offered by the Hamilton Powder Company. The match took place on Saturday at Macauley's Point, the wind interfering with the shooting. The following were the scores:

FIRST TWENTYFIVE.

F. S. Maclure	18
C. W. Minor	18
J. C. Maclure	16
C. F. Todd	15
B. H. Johns	14
J. M. Langley	11

SECOND TWENTYFIVE.

F. S. Maclure	19
C. W. Minor	19
J. C. Maclure	15
C. F. Todd	14
B. H. Johns	13
J. M. Langley	12

In the shoot off at 10 birds both Minor and Maclure broke seven each. They then shot at five birds, when Maclure broke all and Minor broke but three. The medal goes to the member of the club who wins it most frequently during the season. A similar medal is offered to each provincial club and the winners meet next season for the championship of the province and a gold medal.

LACROSSE.

The Vancouver lacrosse team were again victorious in their match with the Westminster boys on Saturday afternoon at Westminster. The rain during the early part of the afternoon made the field very slippery and the game was not as fast as it otherwise would have been. The first goal was won by Vancouver in one minute, McGregor scoring. Cambridge scored next for Westminster after seven minutes play, and Brouse won the third for the Royal City in one minute. The fourth game occupied 14 minutes and was won by Vancouver, Swift scoring; while the fifth game only lasted half a minute and also went to Vancouver, McGregor making the goal. The sixth game lasted one minute and was won for Westminster by Cambridge. In the seventh game B. Peele of the Westminsters was ruled off for fouling Quann, and Vancouver won their fourth goal and the match.

GETTING DOWN TO WORK.

Beginning this evening the Victoria lacrosse boys will get down to hard practice in anticipation of their game with the Westminster players on the 30th of this month. Though the boys have only two losses to their credit in the championship series, they are yet hopeful of winning the pennant this year, and will play with that object in view.

CRICKET.

The following were the scores in Saturday's matches: Victoria Cricket Club, 61, Royal dock yard, 54; United Banks, 55, J. E. Martin's team, 34; Insurance men, 101, C Battery, 85 for three wickets.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Bark City of Quebec is in the Roads seeking.

Steamer Mystery is at Spratt's wharf waiting orders.

Bark Gowdy arrived yesterday. She will load lumber at Hastings.

Steamer Rainbow left for New Westminster at 11 o'clock last evening.

Steamer Yosemite will leave at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning for Vancouver.

Repairs and alterations to the schooner Halcyon on Turpel's ways are almost completed.

Bark Colorado arrived last evening from San Francisco. She will load lumber at Chemainus for the south.

Schooners Aurora and Wanderer arrived from the north this morning. Both have been on the west coast for the past week.

Steamship Empress of China left Vancouver at 5 o'clock this morning for the Orient. D. E. Brown, of the C. P. R., was one of the passengers.

Steamer Yosemite arrived from New Westminster last evening with a big load of freight. She crossed over to Westminster form Vancouver on Sunday.

The little sealing fleet in the inner harbor spread their white wings to the breeze this morning for an airing, giving the harbor quite an animated appearance.

Ship City of Quebec, 41 days from Callao, in ballast, seeking, spoke the bark Falls of the Clyde 141 days from Calcutta for San Francisco in lat. 36 N. long. 143 W. Both ships report all well.

The steamship Batavia, of the N.P.R. line, arrived from Departure Bay on Saturday afternoon and left again in the evening for China and Japan. She took on Victoria freight and passengers as usual.

It is True.

If it is not right do not do it, if it is not true do not say it. In buying the Bush & Gert's piano you do right. It is true to say it is the best piano offered for sale in this market. Agency, 37 Fort street. *

Pure coffee, with pure cream, at the Dairy Kitchen. *

RUPTURE!

SEELEY'S
Hard Rubber Trusses,
Elastic Trusses,
Surgical Bandages
and Shoulder Braces

A FULL LINE IN STOCK.

COCHRANE & MUNN
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS
Corner Yates and Douglas Sts. Victoria, B.C
P.O. Box 4 je22

DALBY & CLAXTON

Have For Sale on Building Society Plan of Payment

$1600—Nice cottage (8 rooms) Belton avenue.
$3000—New cottage (8 rooms) Pandora street.
$3250—Two-story modern residence. Richmond street.
$3750—Two-story modern residence (9 rooms) Chatham street.

Also Building Lots on Fort, Menzies, Kingston and Superior Streets, all near the Centre of City.

AGENTS FOR

The British Columbia Fire Insurance Company.
The Alliance Assurance Company (Fire).
The Great West Life Assurance Company.
The Yorkshire Guarantee and Securities Corporation, Ld.

(The latter Corporation lends money on first mortgage, repayable by monthly installments over periods of five to eight years. Pamphlet of Rules upon application.)

THE PHŒNIX BREWING COMPANY, Limited,

Will place their

LAGER BEER

on the market Monday morning, the 18th, in kegs and bottles.

Orders left at No. 1 Trounce Avenue, Telephone 12, P.O Box 184, promptly attended to.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

Try Lemon Sugar and Lime Fruit Juice

Two of the finest Summer Drinks in existence.

SINCLAIR'S BACON, HAM and LARD, just received.

WATSON & HALL,

Telephone 448. je23-3m m-w-f 55 Yates Street.

GEORGE R. JACKSON

THE LEADING TAILOR

Is Selling the Balance of Summer Stock at Cost.

Everyone knows that this is as large as any other two establishments of the kind in the Province. We carry more stock and do more business than all others in town put together. Prices for the present as low as any. Summer Stock must be sold.

CALL EARLY AND SECURE A GOOD SELECTION.

FIVE SISTERS BLOCK, 57 GOVERNMENT ST.

ALBERNI.

We have the cheapest and most eligibly situated property in Alberni, for sale in five-acre blocks, on easy terms. Some of the choicest blocks still for sale.

J. E. CRANE & CO.

30 BROAD STREET.

KASLO CITY

KOOTENAY LAKE.

SINCE the opening of navigation many hundreds of people have poured into Kaslo City. The discoveries of last fall have proved as rich as expected, and many new ones, fully as important, have been located this spring. The Kaslo-Kootenay Land Company have built roads and trails into the important mines, and surveys have been completed for the railway. The contract for clearing the right-of-way for the latter will be let in a few days. Many substantial buildings have been erected so far this year, and a large number will be begun immediately, including a handsome hotel.

A large number of business and residential lots have been sold, and many have changed hands at a good profit. In a short time the Company will advance the price of all lots.

Now is the Time to Invest.

For prices, terms and full particulars, apply to the undersigned.

IRVING & HAYWOOD, - - GENERAL AGENTS

WILLIAMS' BUILDING, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA,

—OR—

THOMAS - NORQUAY

Resident Agent, Kaslo, B. C.

PREACHING IN LONDON.

Dr. Talmage on the Mode in which the Blest Will Spend Eternity.

No More Toil or Sorrow or Sighs or Tears—The Music of Heaven.

LONDON, July 10.—Dr. Talmage is spending a very busy season in England. Not only in the London churches, but in the provinces, enormous crowds have gathered to hear the eloquent American preacher. The great Shoreditch Tabernacle in the east of London, where Rev. W. Cuff preaches, was thronged almost to suffocation and the large Congregational church in the Hackney district could not hold half the people who tried to get into it, though it was on a Monday evening that Dr. Talmage preached there. Outside London the eagerness to hear him has been quite as intense.

In Liverpool, Manchester, Nottingham, Crewe and Hanley no church could be found large enough to accommodate the audiences, and Dr. Talmage preached in the halls in which the great political conventions are held, and the capacity of these was tested to the utmost. Since his arrival he has preached seven times each week. The sermon selected for publication this week is from the text, Revelations vii, 9, 10, "After this I beheld, and lo! a great multitude which no man could number, of all nations and kindreds and people and tongues, stood before the throne, and before the Lamb, clothed with white robes, and palms in their hands, and cried with a loud voice, saying, Salvation to our God which sitteth upon the throne, and unto the Lamb."

It is impossible to come in contact with anything grand or beautiful in art, nature or religion without being profited and elevated. We go into the art gallery and our soul meets the soul of the painter, and we hear the hum of his forests and the clash of his conflicts, and see the cloud blossoming of the sky and the foam blossoming of the ocean; and we come out from the gallery better men than when we went in. We go into the concert of music and are lifted into enchantment; for days after our soul seems to rock with a very tumult of joy, as the sea, after a long stress of weather, rolls and rocks and surges a great while before it comes back to its ordinary calm.

On the same principle it is profitable to think of heaven, and look off upon that landscape of joy and light which St. John depicts; the rivers of gladness, the trees of life, the thrones of power, the commingling of everlasting love. I wish this morning that I could bring heaven from the list of intangibles and make it seem to you as it really is—the great fact in all history, the depot of all ages, the parlor of God's universe.

This account in my text gives a picture of heaven as it is on a holiday. Now if a man came to New York for the first time on the day that Kossuth arrived from Hungary, and he saw the arches lifted, and the flowers flung in the streets, and he heard the guns booming, he would have been very foolish to suppose that that was the ordinary appearance of the city. While heaven is always grand and always beautiful, I think my text speaks of a gala day in heaven.

A GREAT DAY IN HEAVEN.

It is a time of great celebration—perhaps of the birth or the resurrection of Jesus; perhaps of the downfall of some despotism; perhaps because of the rushing in of the millennium. I know not what; but it does seem to me in reading this passage as if it were a holiday in heaven. "After this I beheld, and lo! a great multitude which no man could number, of all nations and kindreds and people and tongues, stood before the throne, and before the Lamb, clothed with white robes, and palms in their hands, and cried with a loud voice, saying, Salvation to our God which sitteth upon the throne, and unto the Lamb."

I shall speak to you of the glorified in heaven—their number, their antecedents, their dress, their symbols and their song. But how shall I begin by telling you of the numbers of those in heaven? I have seen a curious estimate by an ingenious man who calculates how long the world was going to last, and how many people there are in each generation, and then sums up the whole matter, and says he thinks there will be twenty-seven trillions of souls in glory. I have no faith in his estimate. I simply take the plain announcement of the text—it is "a great multitude, which no man can number."

Every few years in this country we take a census of the population, and it is very easy to tell how many people there are in a city or nation, but who shall give the census of the great nation of the saved? It is quite easy to tell how many people there are in different denominations of Christians—how many Baptists and Methodists and Episcopalians and Presbyterians; of all the denominations of Christians we could make an estimate.

Suppose they were gathered in one great audience room; how overwhelming the spectacle! But it would give no idea of the great audience room of heaven—the multitudes that bow down and that lift up their hosannas. Why, they come from all the chapels, from all the cathedrals, from all sects, from all ages; they who prayed in splendid liturgy, and those who in broken sentences uttered the wish of broken hearts—from Grace church and Sailors' Bethel, from under the shapeless rafters and from under high sprung arch—"a great multitude, that no man can number."

One of the most impressive things I have looked upon is an army. Standing upon a hillside you see forty thousand or fifty thousand men pass along. You can hardly imagine the impression if you have not actually felt it, but you may take all the armies that the earth has ever seen—the legions under Sennacherib and Cyrus and Cæsar, Xerxes and Alexander and Napoleon and all our modern forces and put them in one great array, and then on some swift steed you may ride along the line and review the troops, and that accumulated host from all ages seems like a half formed regiment compared with the great array of the redeemed.

THE GREAT PARADE.

I stood one day at Williamsport, and saw on the opposite side of the Potomac the forces coming down, regiment after regiment and brigade after brigade. It seemed as though there was no end to the procession. But now let me take the field glass of St. John and look off upon the hosts of heaven—thousands upon thousands, ten thousand times ten thousand, one hundred and forty and four thousand, and thousands of thousands, until I put down the field glass and say, "I cannot estimate it—a great multitude that no man can number."

You may tax your imagination and torture your ingenuity and break down your powers of calculation in attempting to express the multitudes of the released from earth and the enraptured of heaven, and talk of hundreds of hundreds of hundreds, of thousands of thousands of thousands, of millions of millions of millions, until your head aches and your heart faints, and exhausted and overburdened you exclaim, "I cannot count them—a great multitude that no man can number."

But my subject advances, and tells you of their antecedents, "of all nations and kindreds and tongues." Some of them spoke Scotch, Irish, German, English, Italian, Spanish, Tamil, Choctaw, Burmese. After men have been long in the land you can tell by their accentuation from what nationality they came; and I suppose in the great throng around the throne it will not be difficult to tell from what part of the earth they came.

These reaped Sicilian wheatfields and those picked cotton from the pods. These under blistering skies gathered tamarinds and yams. Those crossed the desert on camels and those glanced over the snow, drawn by Siberian dogs, and these milked the goats far up on the Swiss crags. These fought the walrus and white bear in regions of everlasting snow, and those heard the song of fiery winged birds in African thickets. They were white. They were black. They were red. They were copper color. From all lands, from all ages. They were plunged into Austrian dungeons. They passed through Spanish inquisitions. They were confined in London tower. They fought with beasts in the amphitheater. They were Moravians. They were Waldenses. They were Albigenses. They were Scotch Covenanters. They were Sandwich Islanders.

In this world men prefer different kinds of government. The United States want a republic. The British government needs to be a constitutional monarchy. Austria wants absolutism. But when they come up from earth from different nationalities they will prefer one great monarchy—King Jesus ruler over it. And if that monarchy were disbanded, and it were submitted to all the hosts of heaven who should rule, then by the unanimous suffrages of all the redeemed Christ would become the president of the whole universe. Magna Chartas, bills of right, houses of burgesses, triumvirates, congresses, parliaments—nothing in the presence of Christ's scepter, swaying over all the people who have entered upon that great glory. Oh! can you imagine it? What a strange commingling of tastes, of histories, of nationalities, "of all nations and kindreds and people and tongues."

IN ROBES OF PURITY.

My subject advances, and tells you of the dress of those in heaven. The object of dress in this world is not only to veil the body, but to adorn it. The God who dresses up the spring morning with blue ribbon of sky around the brow and earrings of dew drops hung from tree branch and mantle of crimson cloud flung over the shoulder and the violetted slippers of the grass for her feet—I know that God does not despise beautiful apparel. Well, what shall we wear in heaven? "I saw a great multitude clothed in white robes." It is white! In this world we had sometimes to have on working apparel. Bright and lustrous garments would be ridiculously out of place sweltering amid forges, or mixing paints, or plastering ceilings, or binding books.

In this world we must have the working-day apparel sometimes, and we care not how coarse it is. It is appropriate; but when all the toil of earth is past and there is no more drudgery and no more weariness we shall stand before the throne robed in white. On earth we sometimes had to wear mourning apparel—black scarf for the arm, black veil for the face, black gloves for the hands, black band for the hat. Abraham mourning for Sarah; Isaac mourning for Rebecca; Rachel mourning for her children; David mourning for Absalom; Mary mourning for Lazarus. Every second of every minute of every hour of every day a heart breaks.

The earth from zone to zone and from pole to pole is cleft with sepulchral rent, and the earth can easily afford to bloom and blossom when it is so rich with moldering life. Graves! graves! graves! But when these bereavements have all passed, and there are no more graves to dig and no more coffins to make and no more sorrow to suffer, we shall pull off this mourning and be robed in white. I see a soul going right up from all this scene of sin and trouble into glory. I seem to hear him say:

I journey forth rejoicing
From this dark vale of tears,
To heavenly joy and freedom
From earthly care and fears.

When Christ my Lord shall gather
All his redeemed again,
His kingdom to inherit—
Good night till then.

I hear my Saviour calling;
The joyful hour has come.
The angel guards are ready
To guide me to our home.

When Christ our Lord shall gather
All his redeemed again,
His kingdom to inherit—
Good night till then.

My subject advances, and tells you of the symbols they carry. If my text had represented the good in heaven as carrying cypress branches, that would have meant sorrow. If my text had represented the good in heaven as carrying nightshade, that would have meant sin. But it is a palm branch they carry, and that is victory. When the people came home from war in olden times the conqueror rode at the head of his troops, and there were triumphal arches and the people would come out with branches of the palm tree and wave them all along the host. What a significant type this of the greeting and of the joy of the redeemed in heaven! On earth they were condemned, and were put out of polite circles. They had infamous hands strike them on both cheeks. Infernal spite spat in their faces. Their back ached with sorrow.

JOY OF THE REDEEMED.

Their brow reeked with unalleviated toil. How weary they were! Sometimes they broke the heart of the midnight in the midst of all their anguish, crying out, "O God!" But hark now to the shout of the delivered captives, as they lift their arms from the shackles and they cry out, "Free! free!" They look back upon all the trials through which they have passed, the battles they have fought, the burdens they carried, the misrepresentations they suffered, and because they are delivered from all these they stand before God waving their palms. They come to the feet of Christ and they look up into his face, and they remember his sorrows, and they remember his pain, and they remember his groans, and they say: "Why, I was saved by that Christ. He pardoned my sins, he soothed my sorrows," and standing there they shall be exultant, waving their palms.

That hand once held the implement of toil or wielded the sword of war, but now it plucks down branches from the tree of life as they stand before the throne waving their palms. Once he was a pilgrim on earth; he crunched the hard crusts, he walked the weary way. But it is all gone now—the sin gone, the weariness gone, the sickness gone, the sorrow gone. As Christ stands up before the great array of the saved and recounts his victories it will be like the rocking and tossing of a forest in a tempest, as all the redeemed rise up, host beyond host, rank beyond rank, waving, waving their palms.

My subject makes another advancement, and speaks of the song they sing.

Dr. Dick, in a very learned work, says that among other things in heaven he thinks they will give a great deal of time to the study of arithmetic and the higher branches of mathematics. I do not believe it. It would upset my idea of heaven if I thought so; I never liked mathematics; and I would rather take the representation of my text, which describes the occupation of heaven as being joyful psalmody. "They cried with a loud voice, saying, Salvation unto our God." In this world we have secular songs, nursery songs, boatmen's songs, harvest songs, sentimental songs; but in heaven we will have taste for only one song, and that will be the song of salvation from an eternal death to an eternal heaven, through the blood of the Lamb that was slain.

I see a soul coming up to join the redeemed in heaven. As it goes through the gates the old friends of that spirit come around it and say, "What shall we sing?" and the newly arrived soul says, "Sing salvation;" and after awhile an earthly despotism falls, and a scepter of iniquity is snapped, and churches are built where once there were superstitious mosques, and angel cries to angel, "Let us sing," and the answer is, "What shall we sing?" and another voice says, "Let us sing salvation;" and after awhile all the church on earth will rush into the outspread arms of the church of heaven, and while the righteous are ascending, and the world is burning, and all things are being wound up, the question will be asked, "What shall we sing?" and there will be a voice "like the voice of many waters, like the voice of mighty thunderings," that will respond, "Sing salvation."

In this world we have plaintive songs—songs tremulous with sorrow, songs dirgeful for the dead; but in heaven there will be no sighing of winds, no wailing of anguish, no weeping symphony. The tamest song will be halleluiah—the dullest tune a triumphal march! Joy among the cherubim! Joy among the seraphim! Joy among the ransomed! Joy forever!

THE ETERNAL SONG.

On earth the music in churches is often poor, because there is no interest in it or because there is no harmony. Some would not sing, some could not sing, some sang too high, some sang too low, some sang by fits and starts, but in the great audience of the redeemed on high all voices will be accordant, and the man who on earth could not tell a plantation melody from the "Dead March in Saul" will lift an anthem that the Mendelssohns and Beethovens and the Schumanns of earth never imagined, and you may stand through all eternity and listen, and there will not be one discord in that great anthem that forever rolls up against the great heart of God. It will not be a solo, it will not be a duet, it will not be a quintet, but an innumerable host before the throne crying, "Salvation unto our God and unto the Lamb." They crowd all the temples; they bend over the battlements; they fill all the heights and depths and lengths and breadths of heaven with their hosannas.

When people were taken into the Temple of Diana it was such a brilliant room that they were always put on their guard. Some people had lost their sight by just looking on the brilliancy of that room, and so the janitor, when he brought a stranger to the door and let him in, would always charge him, "Take heed of your eyes."

Oh, when I think of the song that goes up around the throne of God, so jubilant, many voiced, multitudinous, I feel like saying, "Take heed of your ears." It is so loud a song. It is so blessed an anthem. They sing a rock song, saying, "Who is he that sheltered us in the wilderness and shadowed us in a weary land?" And the chorus comes in, "Christ, the shadow of a rock in a weary land."

They sing a star song, saying, "Who is he that guided us through the thick night, and when all other lights went out arose in the sky the morning star, pouring light on the soul's darkness?" And the chorus will come in, "Christ, the morning star, shining on the soul's darkness." They will sing a flower song, saying, "Who is he that brightened all our way, and breathed sweetness upon our soul, and bloomed through frost and tempest?" and the chorus will come in, "Christ, the lily of the valley, blooming through frost and tempest." They sing a water song, saying, "Who is he that gleamed to us from the frowning crag, and lightened the darkest ravine of trouble, and brought cooling to the temples, and refreshment to the lip, and was a fountain in the midst of the wilderness?" and then the chorus will come in, "Christ, the fountain in the midst of the wilderness."

My friends, will you join that anthem? Shall we make rehearsal this morning? If we cannot sing that song on earth we will not be able to sing it in heaven. Can it be that our good friends in that land will walk all through that great throng of which I speak, looking for us and not finding us? Will they come down to the gate and ask if we have passed through, and not find us reported as having come? Will they look through the folios of eternal light and find our names unrecorded? Is all this a representation of a land we shall never see—of a song we shall never sing?

The Pallium.

The pallium, which has been frequently mentioned in connection with Dr. Vaughan's appointment to Westminster, and which, it is announced, will be dispatched from Rome, consists of a narrow band, like a ring, passing round the shoulders, with two short vertical pieces, falling respectively down the breast and the back. It is ornamented with crosses, and has three golden pins, by which it is attached with loops to the chasuble.

A Roman Catholic bishop elected or translated to a see of metropolitan or higher rank must beg the pope for the pallium, and receives it after taking his oath of allegiance. The pope wears the pallium whenever he officiates; the bishop only on certain special occasions. Although Anglican archbishops have not worn the pallium since the reformation, it still forms part of the heraldic insignia of the archbishops of Canterbury, Armagh and Dublin.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Sham Money in Church Collections.

Will you allow me to call your attention to what I consider to be sacrilege, viz., putting sham money into the offertory bags? In a small town in Suffolk, a few weeks since, when the money was counted, pieces of cardboard, carefully silvered over and of the exact size of threepenny bits, were taken from the bags. This cardboard money was stamped with a device and looked as like threepenny bits as anything could be made to look. The things that are put into church collections, from buttons upward, are varied in the extreme. —Cor. London Standard.

JUST RECEIVED

Ex "Ariadne," "Lizzie Bell," and "Irvine," large consignments of

PAINTS

direct from the manufacturers, which we are selling at Low Prices.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

We carry the most complete line of Coach Colors, Varnishes, and Paints in the Province.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Cor. Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B.C.

TELEPHONE 32. P.O. BOX 86.

BLUCHER HELPED TO TIE UP NAPOLEON.

- - - YOU TRY - - -

"THE BLUCHER TIE"

The Latest Ladies' Shoe in Town.

THEY ARE WORTH INSPECTING.

A. B. ERSKINE, cor. Government and Johnson

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1892.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000 $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£245,000 $1,225,000.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal, New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 4 per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1yr W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to Thursday, 21st inst., at noon, for the erection of an addition to the premises of Tai Yune & Co., Government and Pandora streets.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.

jy13-td

STANLEY HOUSE

GENERAL DRY GOODS

NEW ADDRESS:

55, 57, 59 Douglas Street

Corner of Fort.

OUR GREAT

Season Clearance Sale

Now Proceeding.

A FEW PRICES:

Dress Goods, 75c and $1, reduced to 50c.
Sateens, 20 to 35c, reduced to 12 to 15c.
Black Silk Warp Henriettas, $1.25 to $2, reduced to 75c to $1.35.
36 doz. New Blouses, 50c to $1.50.
Cream Tabling, 25c, reduced to 15
" " 40c, reduced to 30
" " 60c, reduced to 40

JACKETS AND MANTLES, Cost and under.

REMNANTS
REMNANTS
REMNANTS

All Change and Store kept Well Disinfected.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to noon Saturday, 23rd inst., for the erection of an additional story to the premises occupied by Turner & Kirk, foot of Yates street.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.

jy13-td

"Mungo"
"Kicker"
"Cable."

Universally acknowledged to be superior in every respect to any other brands in the market. Always reliable, as has been fully demonstrated by the millions that are sold annually and the increasing demand for them, notwithstanding an increased competition of over *One Hundred and Twenty-five* Factories. This fact speaks volumes. We are not *cheap* Cigar manufacturers.

S. DAVIS & SONS

Montreal,

Largest and Highest Grade Cigar Manufacturers in Canada.

m-w-s-tf

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street. au22 tf

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 16.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, April 29th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 3 Passenger Daily.		NORTH BOUND. No. 4 Passenger Fri., Sat., and Sun.		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND. No. 1 Passenger Daily.		SOUTH BOUND. No. 3 Passenger Fri., Sat., and Sun.		Miles from Wellington.
Dp.	8.00 A.M.	Dp.	3.00 P.M.	VICTORIA	Ar.	12.10 P.M.	Ar.	6.00 P.M.	78
"	8.04	"	3.05	ESQUIMALT	"	12.30	"	7.30	77
"	8.08	"	3.10	COLWOOD	"	12.40	"	7.40	76
"	8.19	"	3.30	GOLDSTREAM	"	1.10	"	8.10	73
"	8.24	"	3.40	SUMMIT SIDING	"	1.20	"	8.20	72
"	8.27	"	3.45	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	"	1.30	"	8.30	69
"	8.44	"	4.07	COBBLE HILL	"	1.50	"	8.50	67
"	8.50	"	4.13	McPHERSON'S	"	1.57	"	8.57	66
"	8.57	"	4.20	KOKSILAH	"	2.07	"	9.07	65
"	9.07	"	4.30	DUNCANS	"	2.17	"	9.17	62
"	9.25	"	4.49	MAPLE BAY	"	2.35	"	9.35	59
"	9.34	"	4.58	CHEMAINUS	"	2.44	"	9.44	55
"	10.07	"	5.29	OYSTER BAY SIDING	Dp.	3.24	Dp.	10.24	52
"	10.12	"	5.34	NANAIMO	Ar.	3.30	Ar.	10.30	50
"	10.25	"	5.49	WELLINGTON	Dp.	3.10	Dp.	10.10	8
"	10.48	"	6.22						
"	11.10	"	6.44						
Ar.	11.50								
Dp.	11.59								
Ar.	12.15 P.M.								

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter, where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

oct1

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

—THE—

HIGHWAY OF THE WORLD.

DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

—TO ALL—

EASTERN POINTS,

$5 and $10 cheaper than by any other line. Passengers booked to and from all

EUROPEAN POINTS

Tickets now on sale for

ROUND THE WORLD EXCURSIONS,

Good to go in either direction.

For time tables and full information apply to

D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Fgt. & Pass. Agt., Vancouver, B.C.
ALLAN CAMERON, Fgt. & Pass. Agent, Corner Government and Fort sts., Victoria, B.C. au13

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

—THE—

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of late equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
—ELEGANT DAY COACHES—

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 121 1st St, cor Washington, Portland
G. O. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash
E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

UNION PACIFIC THE OVERLAND ROUTE

Tickets ON SALE —TO— OMAHA

KANSAS CITY, ST. PAUL, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North and South.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS,
COLONIST SLEEPERS,
RECLINING CHAIR CARS
AND DINERS.

STEAMERS PORTLAND TO SAN FRANCISCO EVERY 4 DAYS.

TICKETS TO AND FROM EUROPE

For rates and general information call on or address

HALL, GOEPEL & CO., Agents, 100 Government street.

W. H. HURLBURT, Asst. Genl. Pass. Agt. 254 Washington street, Portland Oregon.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN.

THERE is no doubt that it is high time that the fire limits in the city should be extended. The centre of the city is now so thickly built upon, houses built of wood are in such close proximity to each other, that if a fire should take place in certain suburbs during the dry, hot days of August, a repetition of the Seattle conflagration might take place. I think the city engineer should consider this subject and submit a report to the council at an early date.

Are Chinese doctors subject to the same registration laws as our own British Columbia medical men? It seems to me that all those who practice medicine in our province and who use the title of "doctor" should be compelled to submit to the same examinations and obtain the same credentials as our own physicians. In cases of death amongst the Chinese, unattended by white doctors, who gives the necessary certificate of death before burial? I have been told there is a shameful laxity in this respect. Chinese have rights as well as our citizens, and a proper credential of death is one of them.

There is no doubt that some weak-minded people are getting scared over the smallpox, and are moving homes from the centre to the outskirts of the city. But business men, merchants and traders generally should keep their heads cool. It is absurd to think of rushing business or making large sales at this juncture. No reduction of prices will largely influence business. The wiser way is to plod steadily on in the ordinary methods of business, and when the tide turns take the earliest possible indication of its flow. QUIZ.

THE REMOVAL OF MACKAY.

TO THE EDITOR.—The account given in your paper on Saturday evening in connection with the removing of the late Daniel Mackay and his brother is quite accurate, notwithstanding the Colonist and the News to the contrary. Why those papers persist in misrepresenting facts of this kind for political reasons, I fail to understand. Why they "pull irons" in defence of the heartless manner in which those patients were treated I also fail to perceive. It would appear as though their love for misrepresenting facts has developed into a mania for untruthfulness, and to give an accurate account of anything that transpires seems difficult for them. I write for no political reasons, for I am a Conservative and always have been, nor will it restore the life of the excellent young man who has been killed by heartless harshness, but it may perchance help to prevent a similar occurrence. At any rate let us have the truth.

I was present when Supt. Hussey and his men were trying to gain admittance to the house. I told Hussey the condition the patient was in. He informed me that "it was none of my business," and that the Dr. (meaning Dr. Wade) knew better than I did. I replied that the Dr. who was attending the sick man ordered him not to be removed for a day or two, or at least till a fine day would come.

Hussey, finding the door locked ordered his men to enter the window, and it was in preventing their doing so that the window was broken. He then ordered his men to bring a beam to smash in the door, which they did, thus intimidating the man inside into opening the door, he fearing that the noise caused by the smashing of the house would be as bad for his brother as removing him would be.

The Colonist inquires, "*Who has any assurance that he would have lived any longer had he remained in his bed?*" I might say regarding that inquiry that we have the assurance of Dr. Crompton, who attended the patient, and who examined him on the morning of the day he was removed that he then showed no symptoms that the case would turn out fatally. It would appear that Dr. Wade, who accompanied Hussey, knew nothing of the condition of the patient, as was evident by his allowing him to remain in the open vehicle some twenty minutes exposed to the inclement weather which prevailed that afternoon.

Would it have made matters any worse for the city, so far as contagion is concerned, to have deferred his removal until he had recovered sufficiently to have done so without danger.

C. D. MACKAY.

Victoria, July 18.

A SHIP HOSPITAL.

TO THE EDITOR.—Kindly allow me to make a suggestion through your valuable columns in connection with smallpox, which, I think, should be given due consideration. I would suggest that as soon as possible after the present excitement has subsided, that our four cities should combine in providing and maintaining a "ship hospital," exclusively for smallpox, to be kept in quiet waters; an arrangement should also be made whereby nurses could be had at short notice. A plan such as the above would be worth half a dozen pest houses.

A few years ago when I was in Brisbane (Queensland) two cases of the pestilence broke out; such an arrangement as I now suggest was put in operation, and resulted in stamping out the malady at once. Had this been done at the first appearance of the disease in our province, instead of tampering with it, I am confident there would be fewer cases than there are at the present moment. Our increasing trade with the Orient will always expose us to danger of such diseases. An arrangement such as the above will, if properly carried out, not only modify the obstruction to business, but will also reduce contagion to a minimum.

AN ADMIRER OF B.C.

Vancouver, July 16.

The Genuine Merit

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla wins friends wherever it is fairly and honestly tried. Its proprietors are highly gratified at the letters which come unsolicited from men and women in the learned professions warmly commending Hood's Sarsaparilla for what it has done for them.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, jaundice, biliousness, sick headache, constipation.

Fresh ranch eggs, creamery butter, pure cream and pure milk, at the Dairy Kitchen. *

SOME OLD AND HISTORIC CITIES

Those Which Take First Rank in the World's Interest.

No one would deny to Jerusalem, never a great city, and for ages a dirty village, high rank among the cities of the world, says the London Spectator. An imaginative attraction, also, of the kind which stamps rank, belongs to Samarcand, once the queen city of Northern Asia, first from the Yellow Sea to the Baltic, though this attraction is felt by a much smaller circle than that which feels reverence whenever Jerusalem is mentioned. The human race knows of the City of Peace, and only a class knows of the City of Jenghiz Khan. Next to Rome in titular municipal precedence men place either London or Paris, the verdict of the majority being probably for the latter. London, it is true, is far greater, far richer, and, as the centre or cynosure of the English-speaking nations, exercises a more direct influence over a larger section of mankind; but it is not so perfectly a living entity as Paris is. Paris, if we may use a slightly extravagant figure, has throughout its history been a person. London a committee of persons, and rank attaches itself strongly to individuality. Nobody exults in being a Londoner, while all Parisians think that outside Paris is an uncivilized desert. Paris, too, has had by far the most interesting history, and has more affected by its movements the history of the world, which, though greatly affected by London, has felt it rather through its influence on England than in any more direct and cognizable way. The stream may not hold the water contained in a reservoir or fertilize half such an extent of country; but still it may have a larger place in that imagination of men which, among cities as among nations, distributes rank. London contains all things, but then all things are lost in London and serve to swell its bulk rather than to increase its active vitality. The loss created by the disappearance of London would be far greater than the loss caused by the disappearance of Paris, but the world would miss Paris far more keenly and for a longer time.

The reduction sale of carpets, rugs, chenille curtains and art squares still goes on at Weiler Bros. Special attention is called to some large seamless velvet squares at exceptionally good value. If you intend getting a new carpet in the near future it will pay you to come and order in now.

Found at last a cure for dyspepsia K. D. C., guaranteed to cure. To be had from your druggist, or Beckwith, Thompson & King, agents for B. C. *

Genuine Boston baked beans at the Dairy Kitchen to-day. *

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

—OR—

Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

BreakfastCocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

GUARANTEED

The Best Cigars on the Market.

RIALTO PERFECTO. INVINCIBLE SPOTS.

PEG TOP. L.O.C. CUBANAS.

L. O. GROTHE & CO.

MONTREAL. my21

LYON & HEALY,
154 to 166 State St., Chicago.
Will Mail Free their newly enlarged Catalogue of Band Instruments, Uniforms and Equipments, 400 Fine Illustrations, describing every article required by Bands or Drum Corps. Contains Instructions for Amateur Bands, Exercises and Drum Major's Tactics, Bugle Laws and a Selected List of Band Music.

COLUMBIA MILLS

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Rough & Dressed Lumber

LATH,

SPECIALLY FINE LINE OF FLOORING,

SHIP LUMBER.

Wharf and Bridge Builders

Are especially invited to come and inspect our stock.

D. F. ADAMS, - - Proprietor.

Corner Bridge and David Streets, three blocks from the bridge.

P. O. Box 515. je30 Telephone 426.

FOR SALE

AT SAM'L CLAY'S

Johnson St., 4 doors above Douglas

20 TONS OF PRIME HEAVY BLACK OATS.
10 TONS OF HEAVY MAINLAND OATS, well cleaned.
10 TONS OF BRIGHT ISLAND-GROWN OATS.
ALSO, A CHOICE SAMPLE OF NOR'-WEST OATS.
HAY, STRAW, WHEAT AND BARLEY.

These being consignments, I will sell at

Bedrock Prices for Cash.

BUY SLAB-WOOD!!

Only Half the Price of Cordwood.

Sawn to lengths to suit purchaser. Sawdust for sale.

H. E. MOLLER,

Sayward's Lumber Mills, 33 Constance Street. je13-tf

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TESTING. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. june10-1y

Before. After.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH

For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. june10-1y.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE

Warranted to cure **"APHRODITINE"** or money refunded.

BEFORE

IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc. such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

AFTER

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address THE APHRO MEDICINE CO WESTERN BRANCH, Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria au29

REFER TO ME

"I have been deeply interested in the investigation of your method of treatment, particularly that portion prescribed in your "Treatise for Men Only." *I am convinced that your treatment for impotency and decay in males is the best known to the medical profession.* I shall recommend it in my practice, and you can refer to me at any time, should you deem it proper."

The writer of above is a practicing physician and unknown to us. We have scores of similar letters on file. It refers to our wonderful system of treatment by which the

HEALTH OF MEN

is Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development, and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 1,000 references. Book, explanations and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

PROGRAMME

—FOR—

FALL MEETING

—OF THE—

Victoria Jockey Club.

Thursday, September 8, 1892.

FIRST RACE—Trotting and Pacing—For stallions owned in the province six months previous to day of race. 1 mile heats, 3 in 5. Purse.....$300

SECOND—Running—½ mile and repeat. Open. Purse.....$200

THIRD—Running—1 mile and repeat. Open. Purse.....$300

Trotting—Friday, September 9.

FOURTH—Trotting and Pacing—Open to all. 1 mile heats, 3 in 5. Purse.....$400

FIFTH—Running—½ mile and repeat. For all horses foaled, owned and raised in the province. Purse.....$250

SIXTH—Running—1 mile dash. Open. Purse.....$200

Saturday, September 10.

SEVENTH—Trotting and Pacing, 2:40 class. 1 mile heats, 3 in 5. Purse.....$300

EIGHTH—Running—1½ mile dash. Purse.$250

NINTH—Running-British Columbia Derby 1½ mile dash. Purse (entrance added)....$500

Entries close Thursday, August 25, 1892, with the secretary. Entrance fees, 10 per cent. of purse.

Nominations for the British Columbia Derby of 1892 close December 31, 1892. Acceptances May 24, 1893.

For further particulars and entry forms apply to

W. H. BAINBRIDGE,

jy14 Jewell Block, Douglas St., Victoria.

NAVAL CONTRACTS.

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Monday, 1st of August next, for supplying such quantities of Salt Beef, Soft Bread, Lime, Lumber, Coffins and Graves as may be required for Naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, &c.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt,
1st July, 1892. jztd

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | **THE SOUTH FIELD COAL**

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Argyle House

REDUCTIONS

IN THE PRICES OF

DRESS GOODS

Plaid and Figured Dress Goods, 12 yards for $1.00.

A Varied Assortment of Dress Goods, 10 yards for $1.00.

A nice lot of Figured and Plain Dress Goods, eight yards for $1.00.

Fine All-Wool Serge, plain colors, 20c. a yard.

15 yards Flannelette for $1.00.

15 yards Grey Calico for $1.00.

15 yards White Calico for $1.00.

SPECIAL VALUE.

Large size Honeycomb Quilts, $1.00
do do do 1.50

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED dry goods firms have agreed to close their places of business on Saturday afternoons from 1 to 6:30 p.m. during June, July and August:

FIRMS.	PROPRIETORS.
Spencer's Arcade	D. Spencer
White House	H. Young & Co.
Westside	J. Hutcheson & Co.
Albion House	R. White
Victoria House	Shears and Page
City House	Wm. Wilson & Co.
Stanley House	W. S. Hampson & Co.
Lansdowne House	J. M. Partridge
Manchester House	Thos. Haughton & Co.
Vancouver House	Wm. Craft
Argyle House	John Horner & Co.
Somerset House	H. Bickford
Whitlaw Estate	T. Fowls

my31

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

—::— FOR FAMILY USE, —::—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO

ALBANY, OREGON.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, m28-tf & Third street Victoria.

VACCINATION

In order that vaccination may be carried out with dispatch, the medical men of the city have arranged with me to vaccinate all those who are unable to pay free of charge, and that those who can afford to pay, a charge of $1 will be made.

The public vaccinators of the city will vaccinate free all those who are in need of vaccinating.

A certificate of vaccination will be given in every case of where the vaccination has been successful.

G. L. MILNE, M.D., Health Officer.

PROVINCIAL

Royal-Jubilee-Hospital.

Any person, other than accident cases, seeking admission into this institution, must first have an order signed by either Drs. Davie or Hanington. Visitors will not be permitted to see patients in the public wards until further orders. Any visitor wishing to see a pay patient must have an order signed by Drs. Davie or Hanington.

By order. H. M. YATES,
jy14 Secretary.

PROVINCIAL

Royal Jubilee Hospital.

All patients seeking admission to the above named institution must remain outside the grounds until examined by Dr. W. A. Richardson, Resident Medical Officer, at the gates nearest to the buildings. Directors will please only sign cards of admission subject to this order.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
jy12 President.

EVERY Family Student School Library

S-H-O-U-L-D Own a Dictionary.

Care should be taken to GET THE BEST.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE INTERNATIONAL. NEW FROM COVER TO COVER. IS THE ONE TO BUY.

SUCCESSOR OF THE UNABRIDGED. Ten years spent in revising, 100 editors employed, over $300,000 expended.

Sold by all Booksellers.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

☞Do not buy reprints of obsolete editions.

☞Send for free pamphlet containing specimen pages and full particulars.

FLOWER SEEDS

Just received, direct from

ENGLAND AND GERMANY,

—A—

Very Choice Assortment

—OF—

FLOWER SEEDS.

C. A. McTAVISH

9 PARK ROAD, VICTORIA.

BUSINESS CHANCE

A GOOD RUSTLER can make money by calling at my store and buying my merry-go-round. The outfit consists of horses, engine, tent, sleighs, organ, etc., and is movable. The sale price can be cleared in two holidays. A great success for the right man.

a29-tf FRANK CAMPBELL.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

ON and after this date George A. Perrin has no claim upon, or right and title to act on our behalf. By order.

jy15-2w SAN JUAN FISHING CO.

NOTICE.

This is to notify the public that B. Moose is no longer in the employ of the California Wine Company nor authorised to collect any money due said Company.

CALIFORNIA WINE CO., Ltd.
jy12-tf 64 Douglas Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately existing between the undersigned Alexander Phillips and Phillip A. Phillips, as soda water manufacturers at No. 8 Yates street, Victoria, under the firm or style of "Phillips & Son," is dissolved as from this date by mutual consent, and the business will henceforth be carried on by the said Phillip A. Phillips and David A. Phillips under the firm or style of "Phillips Brothers," and they will pay all claims against both firms. All debts due to the firm are to be paid to them.

Dated this 20th day of June, 1892.

A. PHILLIPS.
PHIL. A. PHILLIPS.
Witness: DAVID A. PHILLIPS.
C. DUBOIS MASON. je21-1m

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between John Earsman and Alexander McKenzie Leitch, under the name or style of John Earsman & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will in future be carried on by John Earsman.

6th July, 1892. jy6-1m

Estate of Ira Wilson, Deceased.

All claims against the above estate are to be handed in to the executors, Messrs. George Deans and William Whittaker, who will collect all outstanding debts owing to the estate, which must be settled forthwith. All accounts must be certified and handed in to the undersigned under cover to the above named executors. JOHN J. AUSTIN,
63 Government Street, Victoria.
Victoria, B. C., June 2, 1892. ju7-tf

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
52 Government street, Victoria.

C. B. LOCKHART & CO.,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. ju15

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

A Good and Mild Smoke.
Choicest Brand of Manilla
CHEROOTS
"La Perla del Oriente."
Also Well Matured Manilla Cigars.
Full Line in Regular Articles.

T. S. FUTCHER,
41 FORT STREET VICTORIA, B.C.

PLATE GLASS

We have a consignment of Plate Glass which we expect

To Arrive About April.

APPLY TO

MUIRHEAD & MANN

2-M

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

NELSON TOWN LOTS

PRESENT PRICES WILL BE ADVANCED AFTER 15TH JULY.

Choice Business and Residence Property for Sale

In the Town of Nelson, Kootenay District, the Mining and Business Centre of the Finest Mineral Portion of British Columbia. Communication by Rail and Steam Daily. Prices Reasonable and Easy Terms.

Lots for Sale at ROBSON, the Columbia River Terminus of the C. & K. Ry. (2 miles from Sproat's Landing.)

FIFTY DOLLARS TO TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS EACH.

june11 Apply to F. FLETCHER, Land Department C. & K. Railway, Nelson, B. C.

SOUTHERN TREASURE TROVE.

The Old Hiding Places of Valuables In War Times.

Atlantic Monthly: It was in the concealment of valuables that infinite varieties of ingenuity were displayed, some worthy of Poe's pirate (vide "The Gold Bug"), and some pathetic in their innocent disregard of the world and the world's craft. Rarely left above ground, these valuables were buried in all sorts of places, and all sorts of means were taken to leave no sign that the earth had been disturbed.

Some persons preferred to dig holes in the woods where the spot could be covered with leaves or pine needles. A favorite choice was by the side of the briery fence corners in remote, unfrequented fields, especially if, as was usually the case in untilled fields, a thicket of young pines shut in the spot.

Behind a dense screen of this kind small packages were often buried in the day time, otherwise all such work had, of course, to be done under cover of darkness. Sometimes, to make assurance doubly sure, a small brook would be dammed, the treasure, rendered as near waterproof as possible, buried in the bed beneath, and then the water allowed to resume its usual channel.

It will be seen at a glance that so far as danger of discovery was concerned, the mode was the safest of all, provided it could be carried out unobserved. The concealer did not need to make a track on terra firma, either in approaching or leaving the spot, for he had before him the Indian path of running water; while the stream, rolling down its detritus of sand and gravel, soon made all parts of its bed alike.

However, only articles of small bulk could well be hidden in this way. A near neighbor of ours had several fine gold watches, one of them at least a valued heirloom, whose safety caused him much anxiety.

After earnestly considering every possible mode of concealing them, he finally decided to adopt the one last mentioned. A fruit jar was selected, tested as to its being perfectly air-tight, and the watches, after being wrapped in flannel, were placed therein, the jar was securely sealed, and the next day found the current of the spring branch flowing serenely above the treasure.

A few trusted their watches and jewelry to hollow trees and clefts in lonely rocks, though the enterprise of the ubiquitous opossum hunter rendered this mode somewhat precarious. Such places being the favorite retreat of the opossum, there was danger that he might lead his pursuers straight to the selected cleft or hollow, and, in getting him out, they could scarcely fail to discover other contents of the lair.

In one instance this really did occur. A gentleman having concealed a watch and some valuable diamonds in a small hollow tree, was startled on reconnoitering the place a few days later, to find that the tree had not been felled but actually split open. He had given up his property for lost when he happened to spy it buried in the leaves, where it had dropped as the trunk was rent asunder. Fortunately the sable hunter had been too eager after his quarry to have an eye for anything else.

For some time past it has been rumored that the famous Althorp library, which Dibdin called the finest private collection in the world, was about to be sold, and now the announcement is made upon authority. It is hoped to sell it en bloc, but should that not be possible it will be put up to auction. Selling the most famous of the world's private libraries in a lump can mean only one thing—selling it to America. We trust that may not happen, since Lord Spencer's collection contains many volumes which it is a national pride to possess—such, for instance, as the famous Valdafar "Boccaccio," which Lord Blandford wrested from the second Earl Spencer for £2260, to be ultimately bought for Althorp for the bagatelle of £750. It will be an epoch-making sale, for this great library contains some 50,000 volumes, mostly priceless. Scarce editions on vellum and large paper, magnificent printing and dazzling bindings by Pasdeloup and Roger Payne—these are its glories. Many of the books, too, have famous histories. They have felt the touch of the Pompadour or of Diane de Poitiers, or the elegant grasp of Francis I. There are 82 out of the 99 known productions of Caxton, to say nothing of the famous Mentz Psalter, a copy of which has fetched £5000. To sell the Althorp library, indeed, is almost as though we were to sell the rarest rarities of the printed book department of the British Museum.—St. James Gazette.

THE CANARY BIRD INDUSTRY.

How the Little Songsters are Bred for the Market in Germany.

Washington Star: The United States afford the most profitable market for canary birds propagated in Germany. In that country the business of raising these feathered songsters for export is a very important one as is shown by a report on the subject newly received by the Department of State. For more than a century it has rendered bare existence a possibility to many people. Fifty years ago it had already grown to such dimensions that it became necessary to seek a foreign outlet for the trade. About 1850 the German dealers began making shipments to New York, and finally they turned their attention chiefly to the United States, the demand from this side of the water having become very great. During the last year canary birds were third in money value among the articles exported to the United States from Hanover.

The breeding of canary birds in Germany is mainly a house industry of poor and needy people. The profit is of course small; but to the poor who can hardly earn daily bread their bird cages are like little savings banks, from which they can draw at regular intervals a trifle that, added to their other earnings, enables them to make ends meet. The need of such assistance and the usefulness of the industry to the poor cannot be appreciated fully by any one unacquainted with the German peasant in his home. A single example may, perhaps, throw light on the subject: The village tailor at Fuhrberg, in the province of Honover, works from house to house and receives for his services 1.40 marks per diem. This sum is equivalent to about 33⅓ cents. If, therefore, he works 300 days in the year he earns $100. From this amount $16.66 must be deducted for rent. This leaves him $83.34 with which to support and clothe his family, consisting of six persons, for a year. His earnings, therefore, amount to less than 4 cents per diem for each member of his family. The canary bird industry, without making any serious claims upon the peasant's time or care, cheers his home and brings him a modest profit. Having in the summer raised a brood of young birds he awaits with anxiety the visit of the dealer in the autumn which will place in his hands money to help him through the winter.

The principal seat of the industry was formerly the Harz Mountains, where the poor mountaineers, engaged chiefly in mining and lumbering, were in great need. Almost every family had in the sitting-room, in the bedroom, or in the garret, a breeding-place for birds. In the summer the food necessary for the birds was easily obtainable, and before the winter came the dealer had purchased them. After the Harz Mountains became frequented with visitors desirous of improving their health in the pure air, the poverty of the mountaineers was diminished, and the canary bird industry fell off more and more. At present only fine singers are bred in the Harz, and for these the dealer must pay a high price. The industry was then transferred to Eichsfelde, in the province of Hanover, where there are many very poor weavers. Nearly all of these are now engaged in the breeding of the cheaper varieties of canary birds. The industry exists also in the poorer districts of Hesse, in the great Luneburg Moor, in parts of Westphalia, and among the Sudetic Mountains in Saxony. In recent years large numbers have been raised in the cities, chiefly as a pastime by thoughtless persons who do not consider what such competition means to the hungry peasants. About 250,000 canary birds are raised every year in Germany.

First in importance is the market of the United States, which takes in round numbers 100,000 birds per annum. Next is the English market, which takes about 50,000 per annum. Then comes Brazil, Chile, the Argentine Republic and Australia. To these countries salesmen are sent with canary birds every year. The rest, especially the finer Harz birds, are sold in Germany, where more weight is given to fineness of song and where higher prices can be obtained than anywhere else. The average price for ordinary birds is from 60 to 80 cents for males. Hence the canary bird industry adds about 1,000,000 marks per year to Germany's national wealth, and this amount goes chiefly into the hands of the poorest classes.

The growth of the industry is due to two causes. The German bird dealers have always been very enterprising, and the canary birds raised in Germany are said to sing better than any others. While very beautiful birds are raised in England, in song they are surpassed by the German canaries. German dealers claim that canary birds bred from imported parents in the United States are poor singers owing to the warmth of our climate.

A Cruel Stroke.

An instance of a laboriously produced effect being effaced by the simplest means was that of a breach of promise case.

The barrister who held the brief for injured beauty was famous for studying effect when he pleaded, and to that end arranged that his fair client should be so placed that her charms should be well under the observation of the jury. He began a most pathetic appeal by directing their attention to her beauty, and calling for justice upon the head of him who could wound the heart and betray the confidence of one so fair, concluding with a peroration of such pathos as to melt the court to tears.

The counsel for the defendant then rose, and after paying the lady the compliment of admitting that it was impossible not to assent to the encomiums lavished upon her face, he added that nevertheless he felt bound to ask the jury not to forget that she wore a wooden leg. Then he sat down.

The important fact, of which the fair plaintiff's counsel was unaware, was presently established, and the jury, feeling rather sheepish at their tears, assessed damages at the smallest amount.—London Tit-Bits.

A Monkey's Revenge.

The following anecdote clearly illustrates the reasoning powers of the monkey tribe: One was kept tied to a stake in the suburbs of Havana, in a place where he was repeatedly robbed of his food by crows. One day he lay still on the ground, pretending to be dead. The crows were allowed to steal to their heart's content until the artful simian was sure they were in reach. Instantly he grabbed one by the leg, and, despite its loud calls for help, literally plucked every feather from the luckless bird and then flung it toward its screaming companions.—St. Louis Relic.

A Test for Sewer Gas in a Room.

As a capital test for sewer gas employ unglazed paper saturated with a solution of one ounce of pure acetate of lead in half a pint of rain water. After partial drying expose in the room. Sewer gas in any amount will darken or blacken the paper. —New York Journal.

The Horned Rattler.

In California and Mexico there is a rattlesnake which bears a pair of horny prominences, one above either eye. On this account it is commonly known as the horned rattler. An allied species, known as the bushmaster (Lanchesis), is one of the largest of venomous snakes and is said to attain a length of fourteen feet.—Quarterly Review.

All shaving materials at Fox's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Yosemite from Vancouver—W H Ellis, Mr Murray, R A Renwick.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Yosemite from Vancouver—Col Ind Rev, Hundson Bay Company, T Sturdy, The National Electric Company, Weiler Bros, Thomas Shotbolt, C Strouss & Co, W. M. Jenkinson, Langley & Co, Lenz & Leiser, J Piercy & Co, T B Pearson, C P Nav Co, Ames Holden & Co, E G Prior & Co, Fell & Co, W D Hardaker, Carscaden, Peck & Co, Schl, Hastie, E, Co, M W Waitt, Dean & Cryderman, Thomas Houghten, Order Bank B N A C & W, A G Leask, Western Mills' Co, B C Cattle Co, Dom Express Co.

Some like it with sugar and water, and some like it with syrups. But Montserrat Pure Lime Fruit Juice, is the ideal summer drink, however you take it. The great point is *take* it. It will cool you. It will effectually quench your thirst, and that is more than a hogshead of alcoholic drinks will do. 1-m

Fine fishing tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FREE VACCINATION.

Persons wishing to be vaccinated may have it performed free of charge by calling upon Dr. Powell, 89 Fort street, or Dr. Milne, 36 Douglas street, between the hours of 10 a.m. to 12 m. and 5 to 6 p.m.

ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

jy18

NOTICE.

The Corporation of the City of Victoria having adopted free vaccination, within the city, it becomes unnecessay for the Provincial Government to further assume the expense of vaccination. The Provincial notice of free vaccination is therefore cancelled.

J. C. DAVIE, M.D., Provincial Health Officer.

jy18

Dr. POWELL

Has taken rooms in the building occupied by Dr. Duncan, No. 89 Fort street, where he may be consulted daily from 9:30 a.m. to 12 m. jy18

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 Stationary Engine (new) 12½x18 cylinder, complete with all fittings.
1 Stationary Engine (new) 7x11 cylinder, complete with all fittings.
1 Portable Engine and Boiler on wheels, 7x11 cylinder, complete with all fittings, etc.; 12 horse power; tested to 100 pounds pressure.
1 Single Block Shingle Machine, capacity about 10 m daily.
1 Wood Turning Lathe, complete (new).
1 Iron Lathe, complete (new), 8 bed, 16 swing.
1 Steel Upright Boiler, 14 horse power.
1 Small Planer and Matcher; single cylinder and Match to 12.

For particulars apply to JAMES LEIGH & SONS, Victoria, B.C.

jy18-d&wtm

COWICHAN DISTRICT.

THE HEALTH OFFICER will vaccinate at the Quamichan Hotel every morning after train time.

jy18-3t F. LINDSAY DICKSON, M. D.

TO ALASKA.

C.P.N. COMPANY'S

SS. "ISLANDER"

Captain Irving.

Will leave Victoria at 6 p.m.

ON MONDAY, JULY 18th,

Calling at all points of interest in British Columbia, and at Sitka and Muir Glacier in Alaska. Also taking passengers and freight for local points.

FARE FOR ROUND TRIP, $95.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table, at any time, without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

jy14-td

PROVINCIAL

Royal Jubilee Hospital.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, the Premier, the Mayor and Council, and the Provincial and City Health Officers, will be held at the City Hall, on Tuesday evening, the 19th inst., at 8 p.m.

H. M. YATES, Secretary.

SPECTACLE WEARERS

NOTE:

The above illustration shows how you are fitted by jewelers and so-called opticians.
RESULT:—Positive ruination of sight.

This shows how you are fitted by the first and ONLY OPTICIANS in British Columbia.
RESULT:—Comfort and ease to the eyes, and preservation of sight.

F. W. NOLTE & CO

(Successors to Hyams)

27 FORT STREET.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL BROKER.

Agent Union Fire Assurance Society of London, Eng.

Eighteen fine Lots on Michigan, Powell and Toronto streets, the very best residential property in James Bay. Reasonable prices and liberal terms.

Lots in Fernwood, Saanich Road, Work Estate, Spring Ridge and Victoria West. Some good buys in City Lots.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to June 5th next for that magnificent homestead property known as

STEVENS' FARM AND HOTEL (Westwood Farm)

on the Saanich Road, containing 950 acres, more or less, being Sections 63, 64, 75, 76, 77, 91, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, Lake District.

There are 150 acres under thorough cultivation. A magnificent orchard of about 1000 fruit trees, all bearing. Two-story Hotel and license. Barns, sheds and all kinds of outhouses. There is a living spring stream of water running through the property.

The above magnificent piece of property can be bought on the following easy terms:—One-third cash, one-third two years, one-third five years, at 7% interest.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr. - - 51 Yates Street.

GEORGE E. MUNRO

82 DOUGLAS STREET.

Groceries,-:-Provisions.

ORDERS SOLICITED. GOODS DELIVERED FREE

PREVENT DISEASE

By using

CARBO-NAPTHAZONE

Disinfecting Powder.

LANGLEY & CO., - - 21-23 YATES STREET.

TWENTY-ACRE BLOCKS

FRASER RIVER VALLEY.

For a few days only, we offer for sale some very choice bottom land, suitable for Hop Culture, situate in Sections 6 and 7, old Langley Townsite, about ½ mile from river. Good Road. Land never flooded. At the low price of

$30 PER ACRE.

Full particulars on application to

HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government street.

CARPET SALE

After a very satisfactory Spring trade, we still have a large stock of

Carpets, Rugs, Art Squares, and Chenille Curtains,

and during the balance of the month of July we offer our entire stock of above goods

AT GENUINE BARGAINS.

Call early and get your choice.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort St.

SUMMER:-:SHOES.

We have just received a fresh supply of

TAN SHOES
CANVAS SHOES
TENNIS SHOES

in ladies', gents', boys', and girls'. Also beautiful lines LADIES' OXFORDS in Cloth Top, Kid, Dongola, etc. Ladies' Cloth Top Button. Owing to delay in arriving we have determined to sell at away down prices.

CALL EARLY.

Carmichael & Paterson

35 Johnson Street.